Status of Neutrino4+ setups at SM-3 reactor

NRC "Kurchatov institute" - PNPI

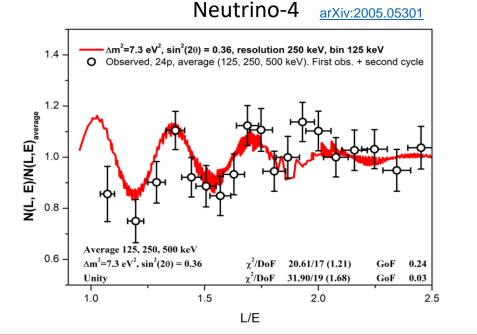
A.P. Serebrov, R.M. Samoilov, D.M. Prudnikov, S.S. Volkov, V.L. Golovtsov, N.V. Gruzinsky, P.V. Neustroev, N.I. Voropaev, A.V.Vasiliev, V.V. Fedorov, A.A. Gerasimov, M.E. Zaitsev, D. Yakimov

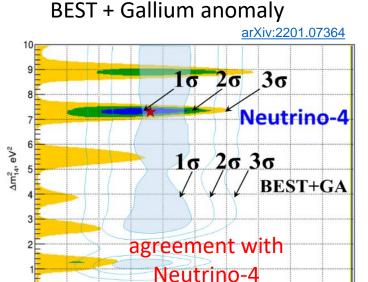
SSC Research Institute of Atomic Reactors
A.L. Izhutov, A.L. Petelin

Supported by RSF. Project # 24-12-00091

XXII LOMONOSOV CONFERENCE ON ELEMENTARY PARTICLE PHYSICS

Search for light sterile neutrinos





0.3

CL_s Sensitivity, 95% C.L.

— CL_s Exclusion, 95% C.L

 10^{-1}

--- CL_s Exclusion, 5σ

Neutrino-4 95% C.L. Gallium Anomaly 95% C.L

 $\Delta m_{41}^2 [eV^2]$

0.4

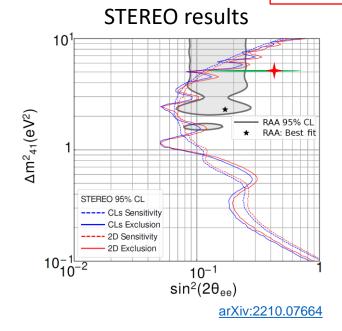
0.7

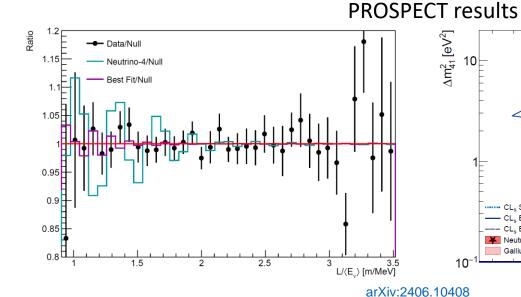
0.8

arXiv:2112.14856

 $\sin^2 2\theta_{14}$

Contradictions with Neutrino-4 and BEST+GA results

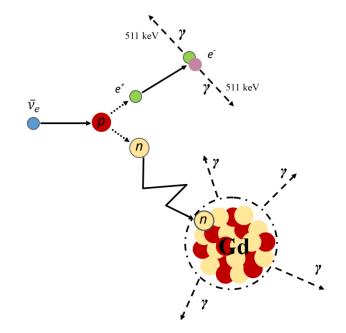


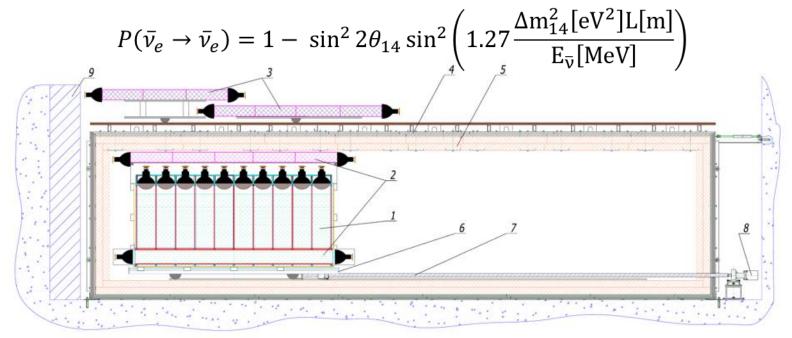


Moveable antineutrino detector

Inverse beta-decay

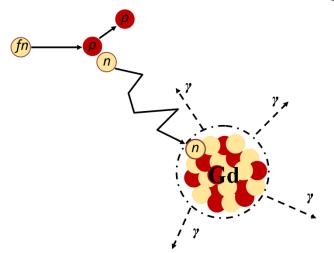
$$\overline{\nu}_e + p \rightarrow n + e^+$$





1. detector 2. internal AS 3. external AS 4. steel and lead 5. borated PE 6. platform 7. screw 8. stepper motor 9. cast iron shot

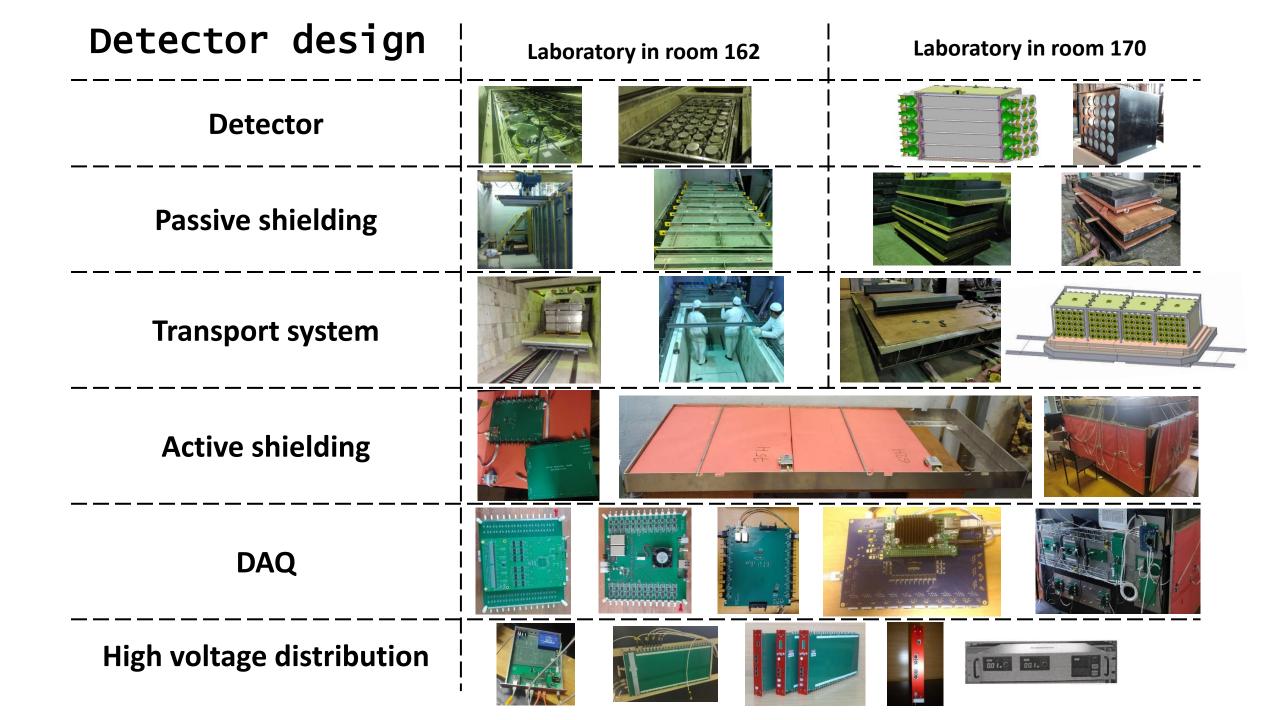
Fast neutron scattering



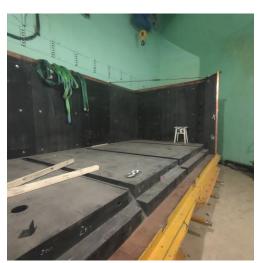
SM-3 active zone size 42x42x35 cm³

Distance to the SM-3 active zone center: 6 - 12 m

 $S/B \sim 0.5$

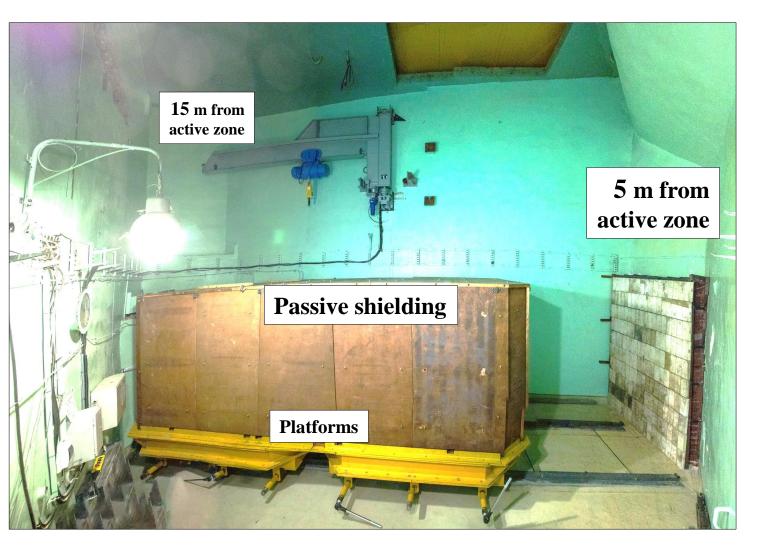


Passive shielding and movement system











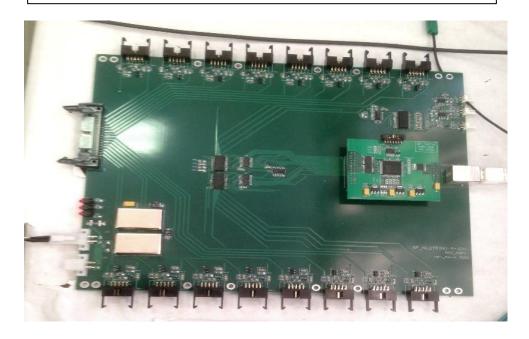
Active shielding

✓ Frame ready

✓ Plates ready

✓ Electronics ready

Plates are made from polystyrene based scintillator. Light yield 9000 photons per MeV.







Detection modules. Scintillator













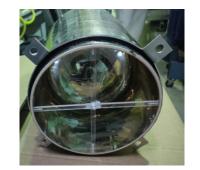


Detection modules. PMT installation





















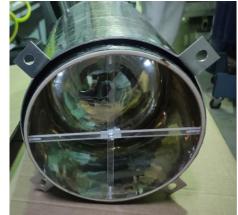
Completion of installation of photomultipliers

Each PMT module has 2 light signal sources based on the GGAG crystal.









Electronics systems connection



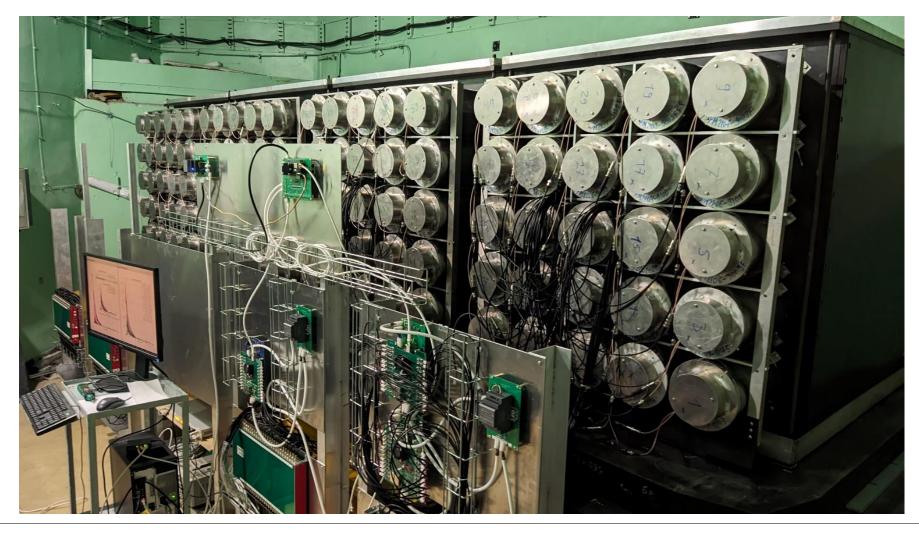


All DAQ system boards are manufactured.

3 digitizers and 1 concentrator in Dimitrovgrad.

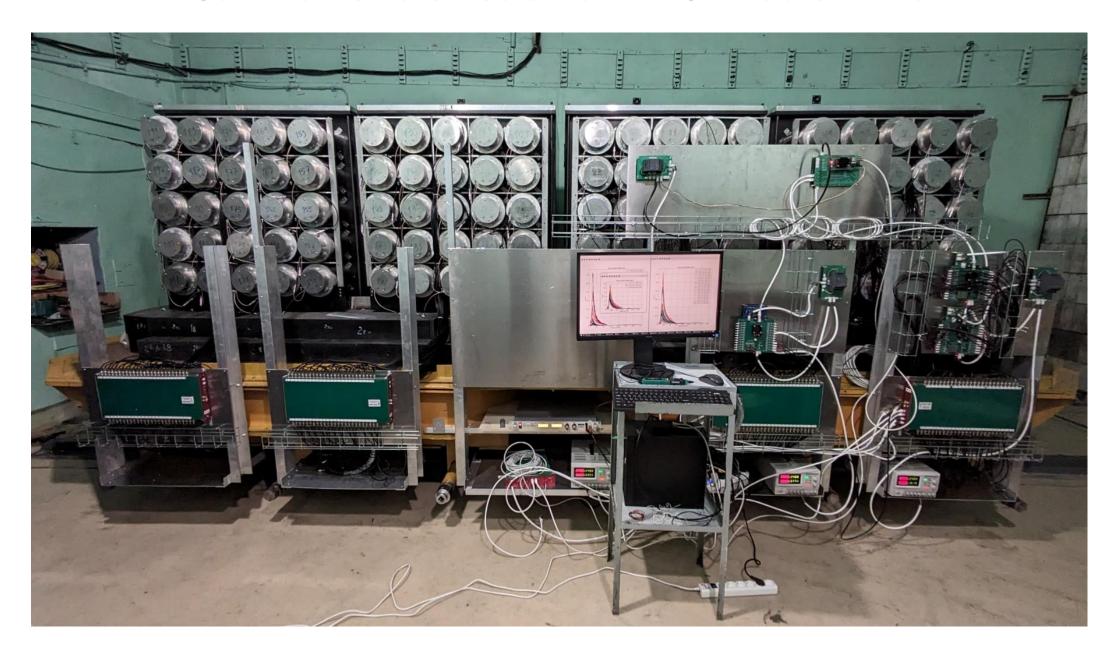
The rest were being tested at PNPI and ready to be installed

Electronics systems connection



All detection modules are connected to the high voltage distribution system. Only the first module is connected to the DAQ system.

Current status of RC Neutrino



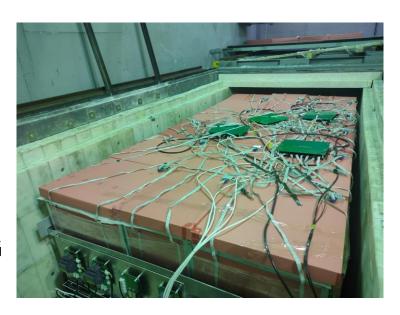
System Readiness Detection modules Passive shielding Transport system Active shielding DAQ High voltage distribution

Modernization of the first neutrino laboratory

- Active shielding (almost 4π)
- Scintillator with PSD
- Data acquisition system
- Magnetic shields
- Monitoring with Am+GAGG



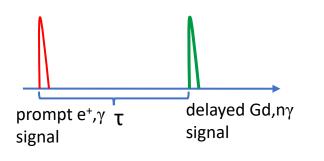


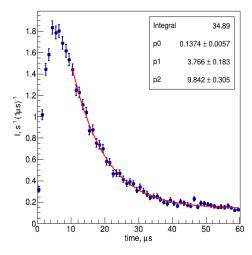




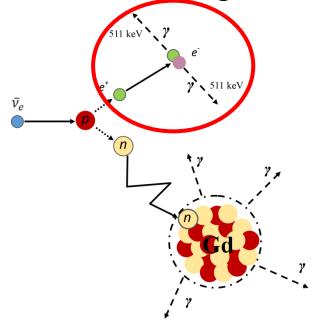


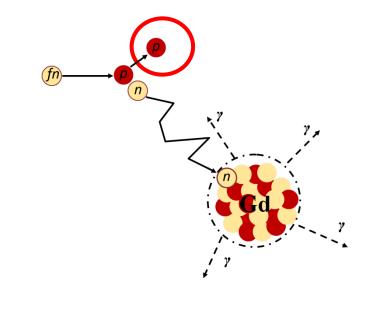
Selection of inverse beta decay events

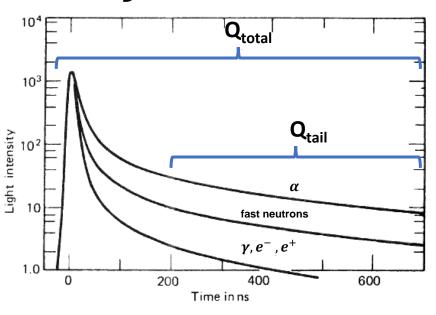




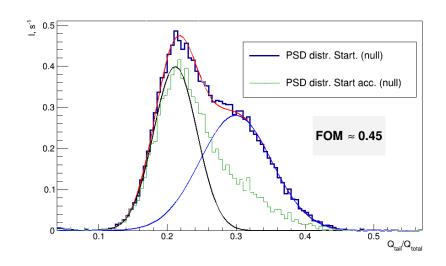
Annihilation gamma detection in adjacent cell



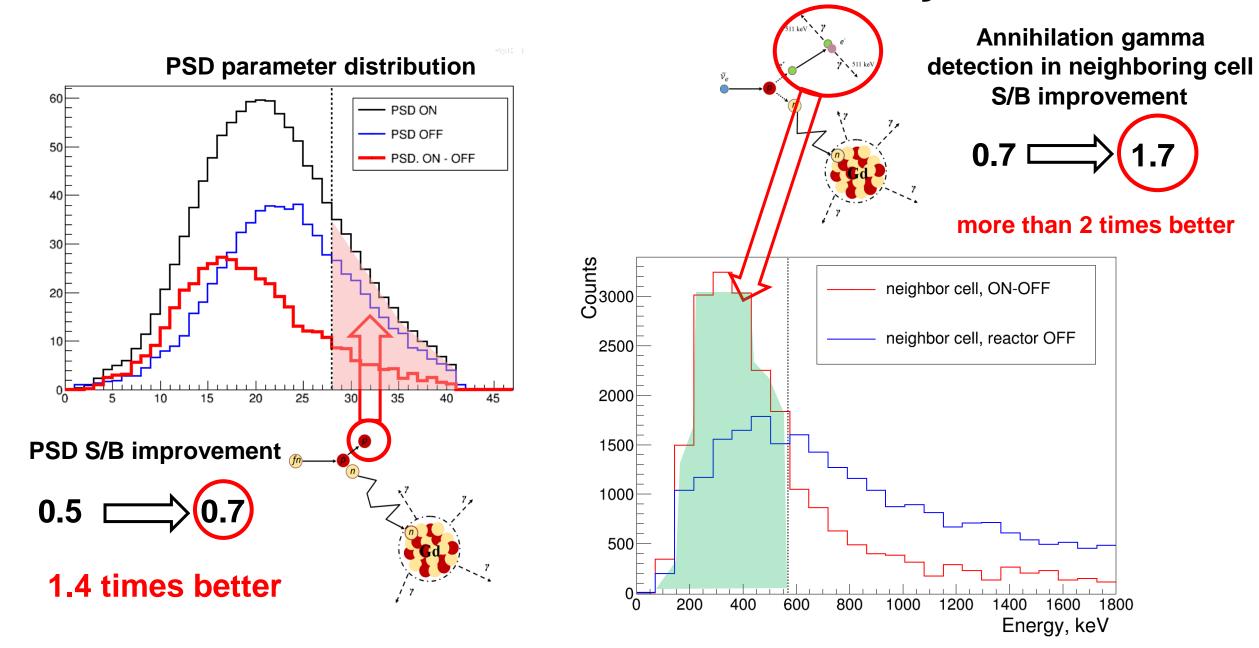




Pulse shape discrimination

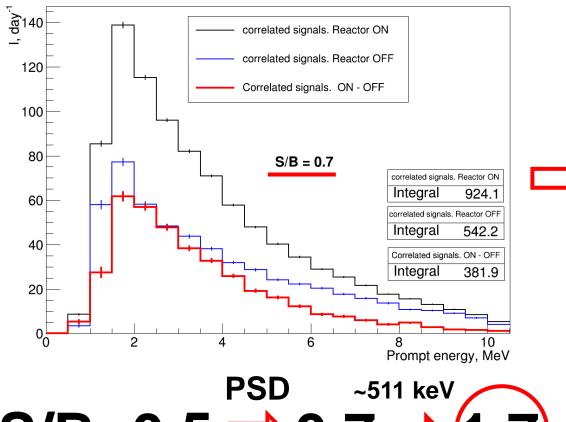


Selection of inverse beta decay events



Signal/background ratio improvement

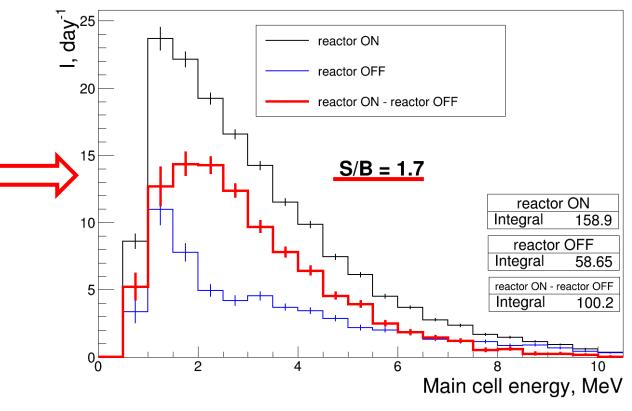
Prompt signals w/o 511 keV condition



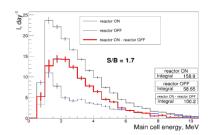
S/B: $0.5 \Rightarrow 0.7 \Rightarrow 1.7$

more than 3 times better

Prompt signals with 511 keV condition



100 IBD events per day59 background events per day



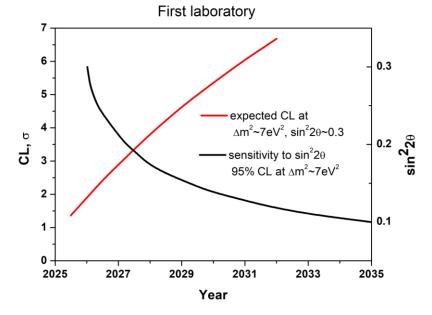
Conclusion



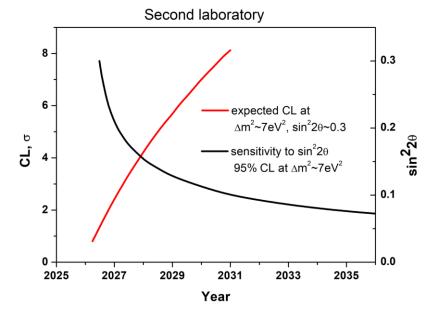
First laboratory

Second laboratory

- data taking continues
- S/B ratio was improved more than 3 times
- expected confidence level and sensitivity



- installation of the detector will be completed at the end of the year data taking will begin
- expected confidence level and sensitivity

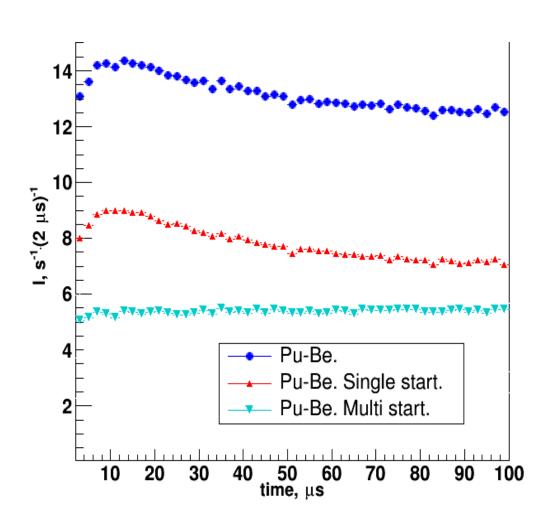


After 2 years of data taking situation around light sterile neutrino and Neutrino-4 result will be clarified

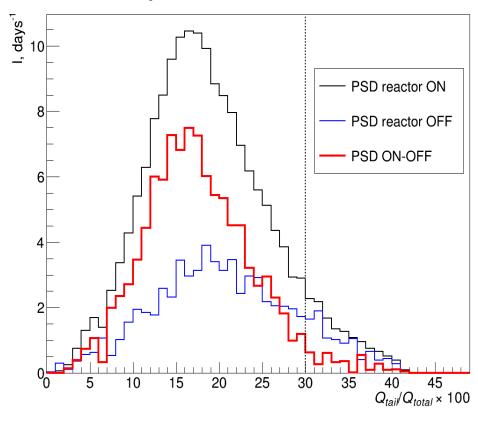
Thank you for your attention!

Backup

Selection of inverse beta decay events. 511 keV in adjacent sell

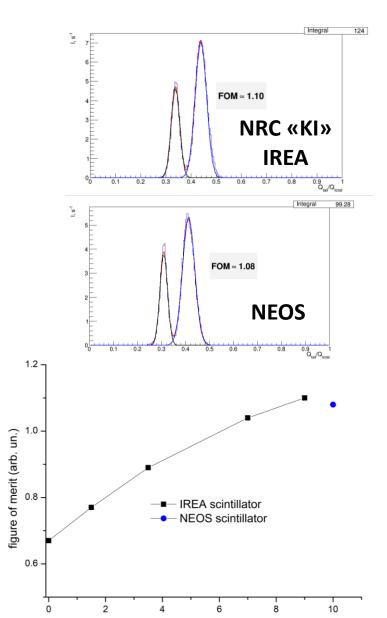




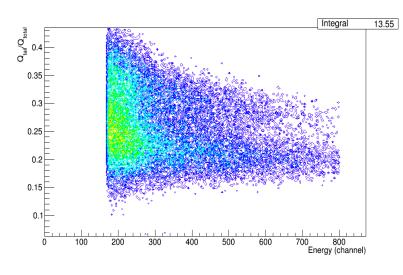


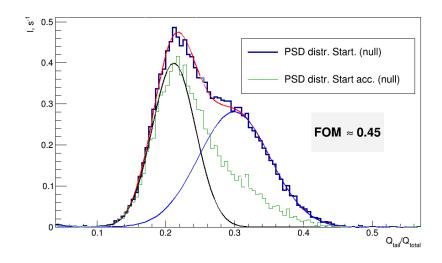
Scintillator

Q_{tail}/**Q**_{total} resolution on single section



DIN concentration (%)





LAB-based LS

PPO 3 g/l

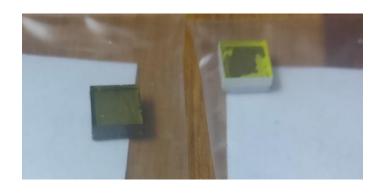
bis-MSB 20 mg/l

DIN:LAB 1:9



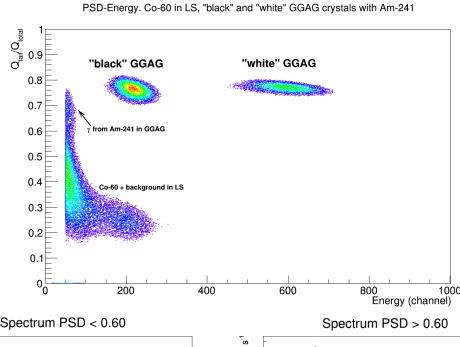
Optical control and calibration system

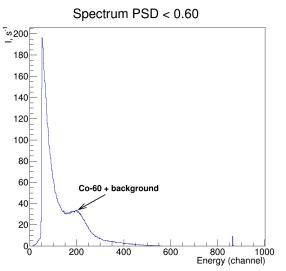
GGAG crystals (gadolinium gallium aluminum garnet) and $^{241}\!Am$

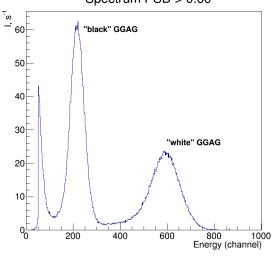


GGAG specimen Pu-238 peak pos distribution $Z = \frac{30}{30} \frac{\sigma/\mu}{\sigma/\mu} = 5.37/559.3 = 1.0\%$

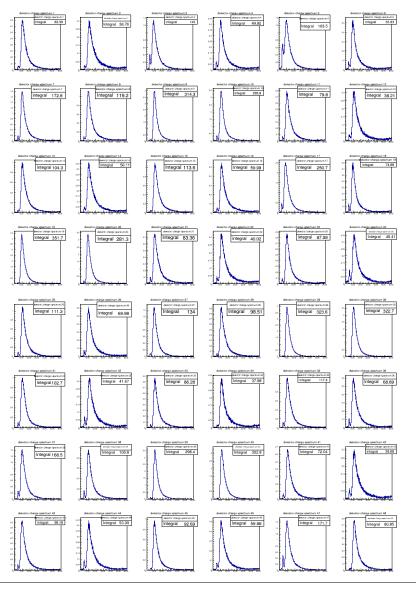
Peak position, channel



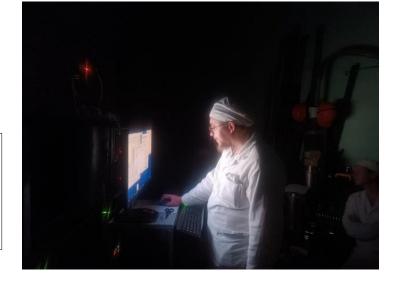


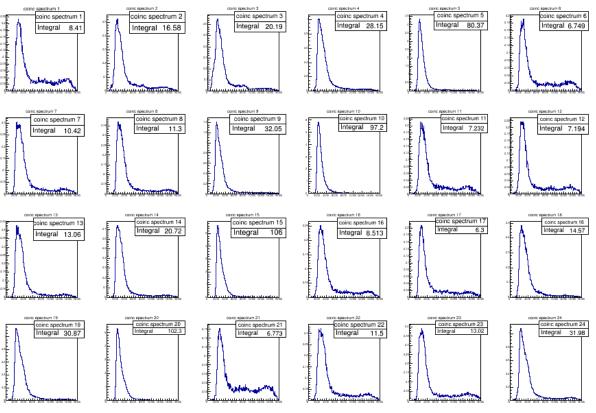


Test background measurements



Spectra of each section of the first module with a simultaneous signal in both PMTs





Spectra of each PMT of the first module

Testing DAQ system boards

