



Lomonosov 2021 ATLAS and CMS Highlights

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on behalf of the ATLAS and CMS collaborations

August 22nd, 2021

LHC physics program

- Physics@LHC is most ambitious and farthest reaching HEP program ever
- Huge dataset with well understood detector performance allows

- Precision measurements

$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{SM}} = -\frac{1}{4}F_{\mu\nu}F^{\mu\nu} + i\bar{\psi}\not{D}\psi + \psi_i y_{ij} \psi_j \phi + \text{hc} + |D_\mu\phi|^2 - V(\phi)$$

- Determine fundamental parameters, probe higher-order QCD and EW effects

- Access to rare processes (e.g. production of $WW\bar{W}$ or $t\bar{t}t\bar{t}$)

- Probe poorly or untested corners of SM

- Broad search program at TeV scale and beyond (high energy frontier)
& feeble interactions (low coupling frontier)

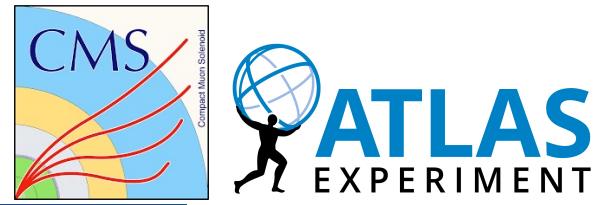
- Directly address compelling issues: naturalness, dark matter, flavor puzzles, etc.

- Study of new states of matter —> quark-gluon plasma

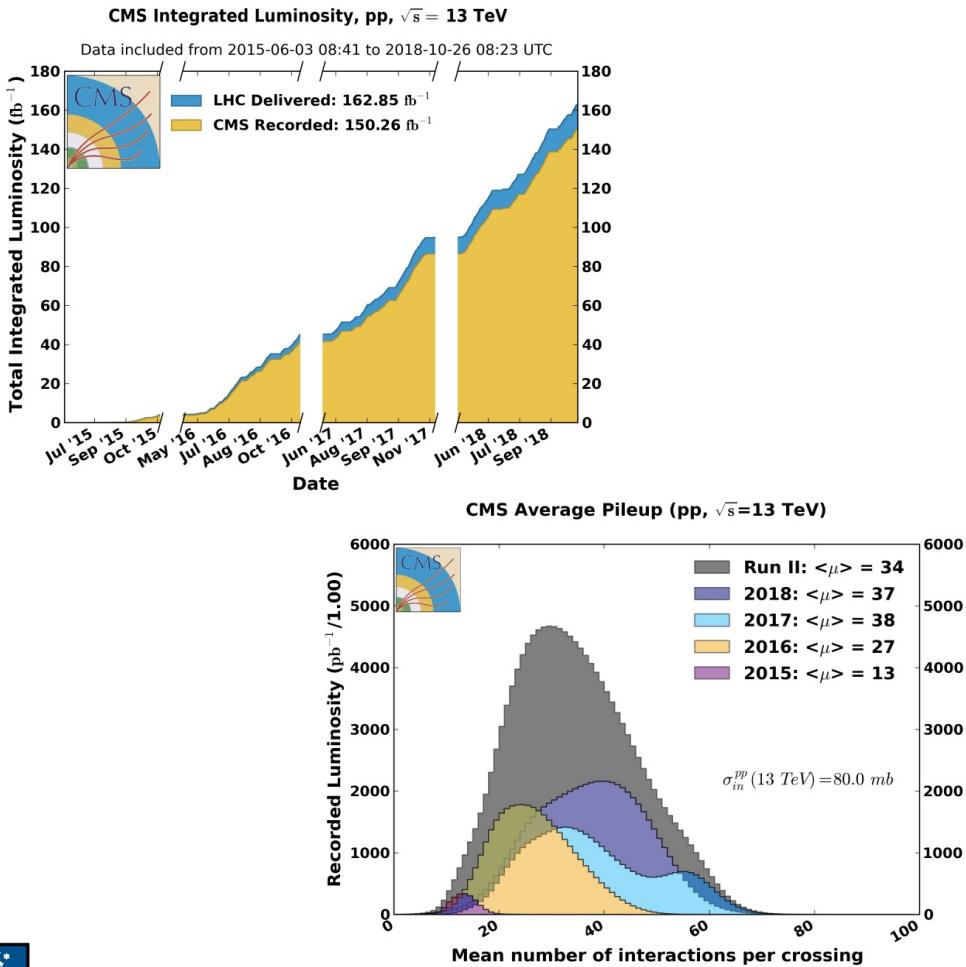


See dedicated ATLAS and CMS talks throughout the conference for more details

LHC data

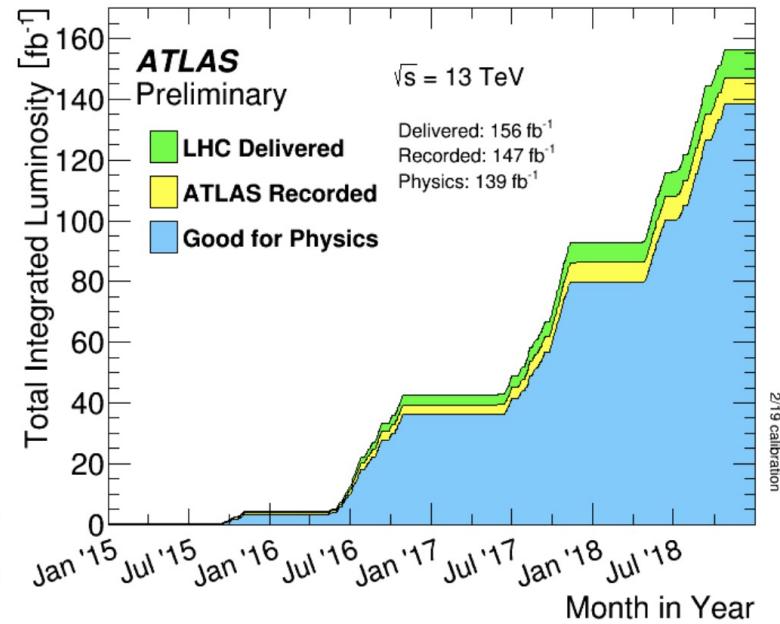


- Extremely successful Run 2
→ dataset is a goldmine for physics



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139 fb^{-1} @ $\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV
Run 2



Many thanks to the LHC team for the excellent data they provided to us in Run 1 and Run 2 and for their commitment in view of Run 3

Run 2 Breakthroughs

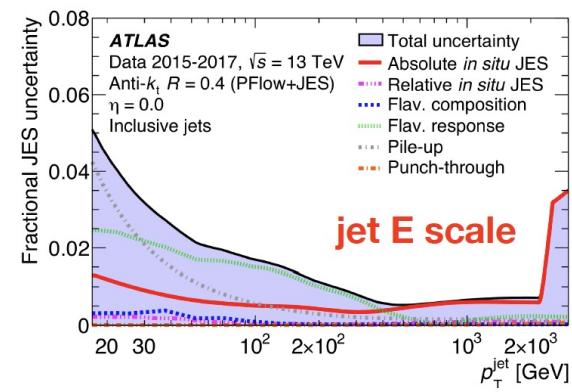
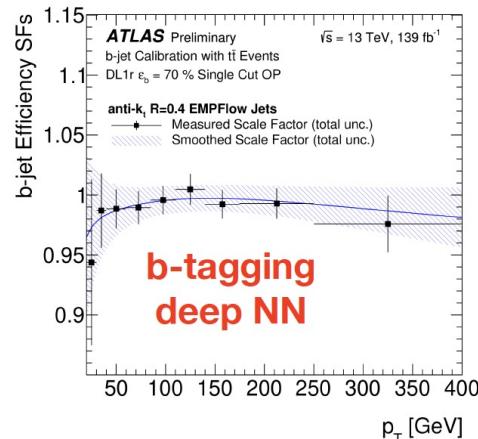
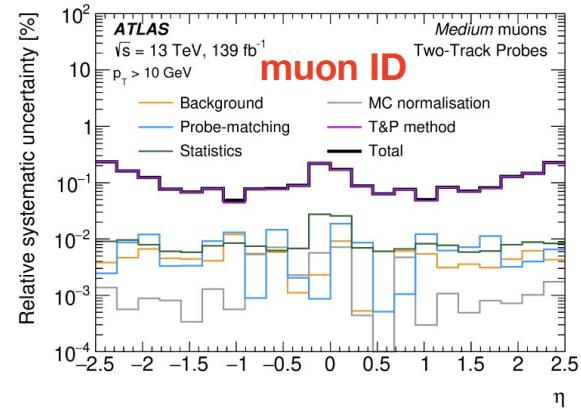
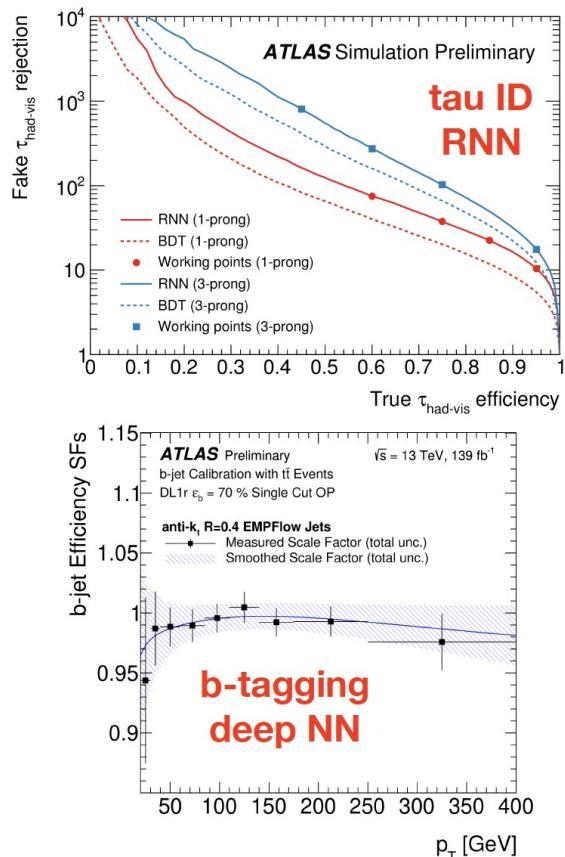
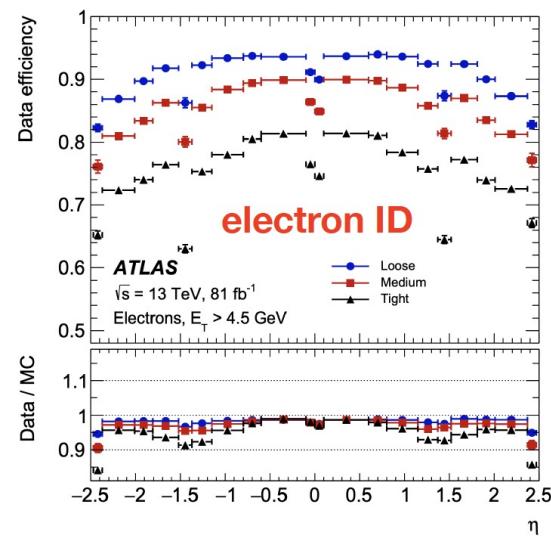


- Higgs
 - Observation of all main production mechanisms
 - Observation of Yukawa interactions w/ 3rd generation fermions
 - Constraints on Higgs self-interaction via HH cross section
 - Evidence for $H \rightarrow \mu\mu$ and $H \rightarrow ll\gamma$
- Rare processes
 - Observation of weak boson scattering modes (incl. $W^\pm W^\pm$)
 - Observation of ttW, ttZ and tZq
 - Evidence for ttH production
- Searches
 - Excluded a wide range of BSM parameter space with a broad search program
 - SUSY and resonances: gluino, squark, stop and Z' exclusions* up to $m = 2.3, 2.0, 1.3$ and 5.0 TeV respectively
 - Dark matter constraints, incl. $H \rightarrow \text{invisible} < \sim 10\%$
 - Experimentally challenging signatures such as compressed spectra, displaced vertices, long-lived particles and unconventional signatures

Detector performance

Results from Run 2 only possible thanks to excellent understanding of detector performance, and development of reconstruction and identification algorithms

- High level of precision achieved & excellent modeling with simulation



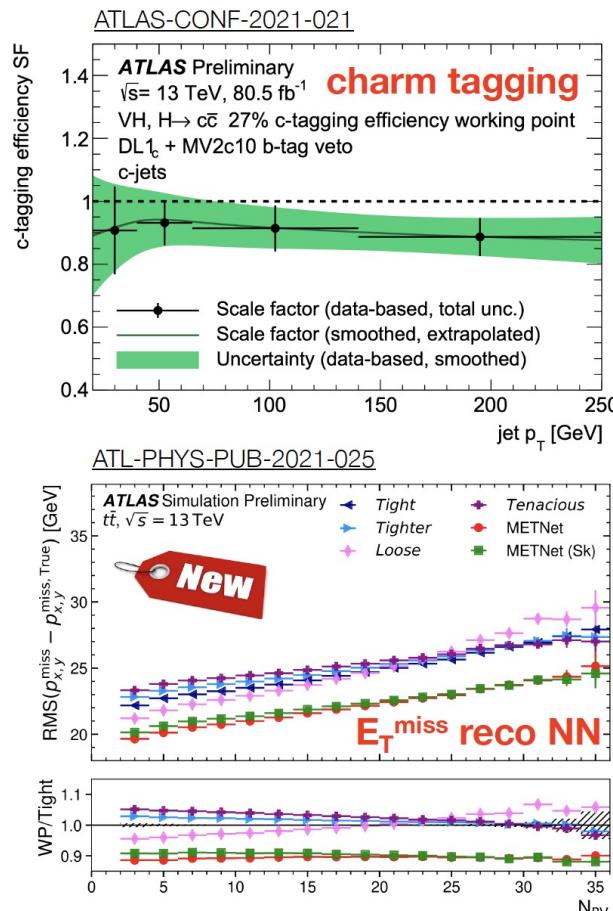
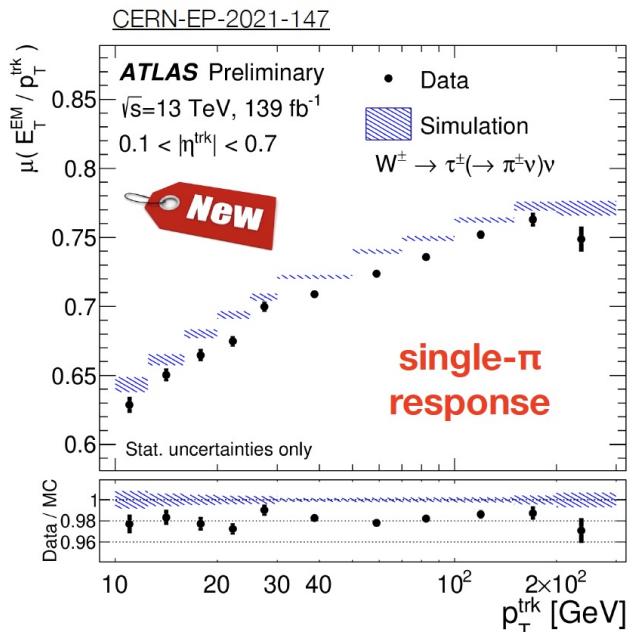
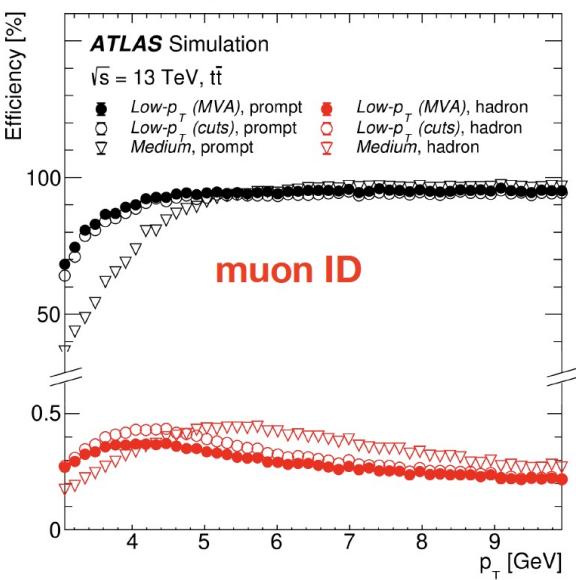
**Very highly efficient object reconstruction.
Percent-level (or better) understanding of this performance in data.**

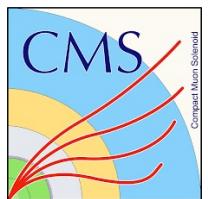
Detector performance



- Charm-hadron tagging
- Deep NN for E_T^{miss} reconstruction
- Single-particle calorimeter response in $W^\pm \rightarrow \tau^\pm \nu \rightarrow \pi^\pm \nu$
- Lepton identification at very low p_T (down to 3.0 GeV for μ)

arXiv:2012.00578

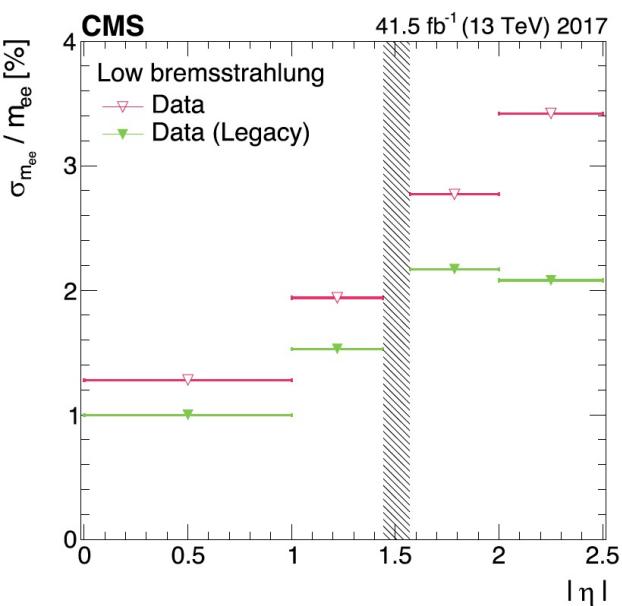




E/ γ reconstruction and muon trigger

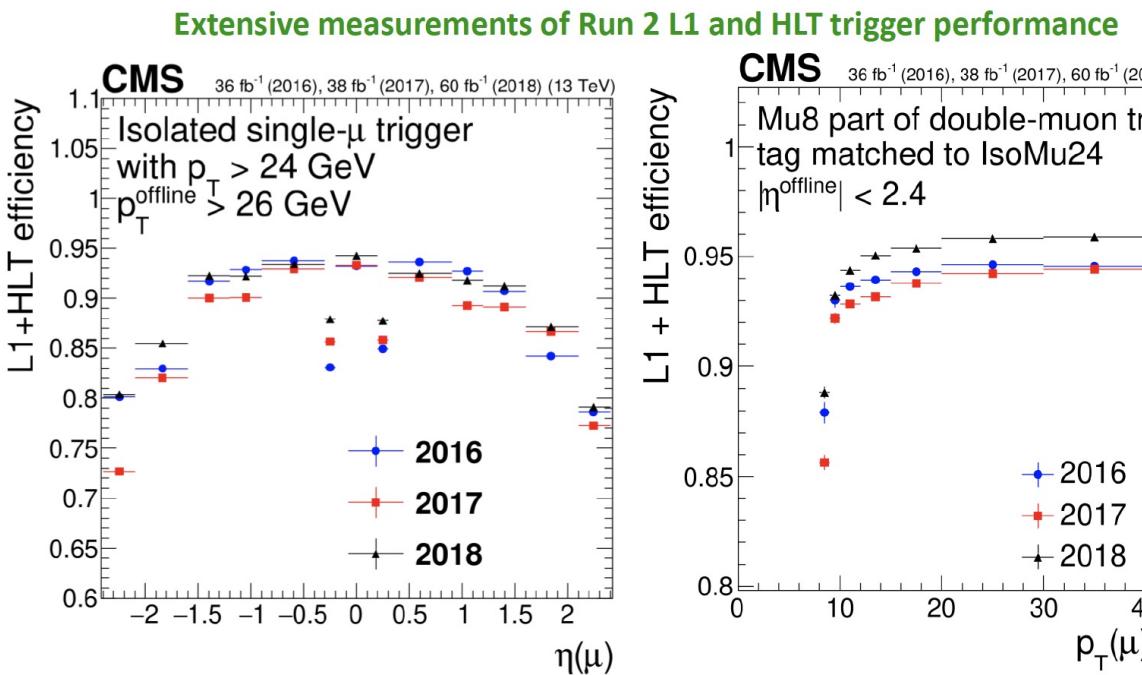
[JINST 16 \(2021\) P05014](#)

Comparison of Z mass resolution
Before and after final calibration
Included in Legacy Run 2 rereco



[16 \(2021\) P07001](#)

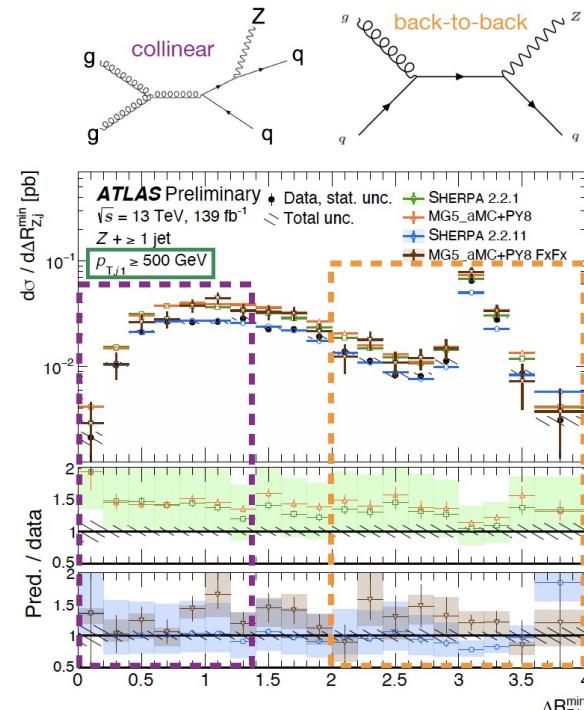
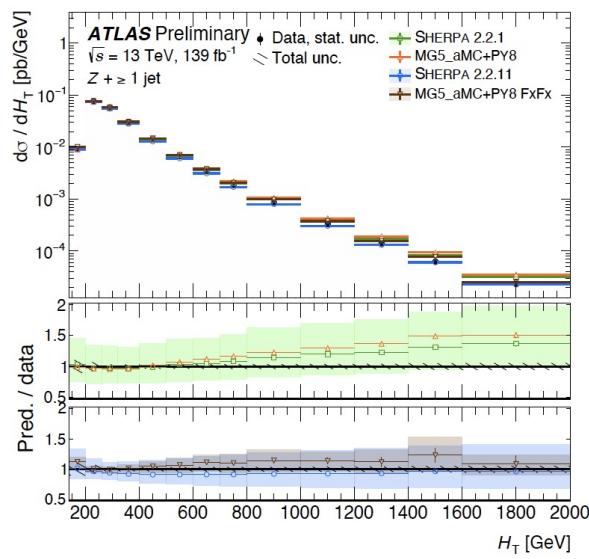
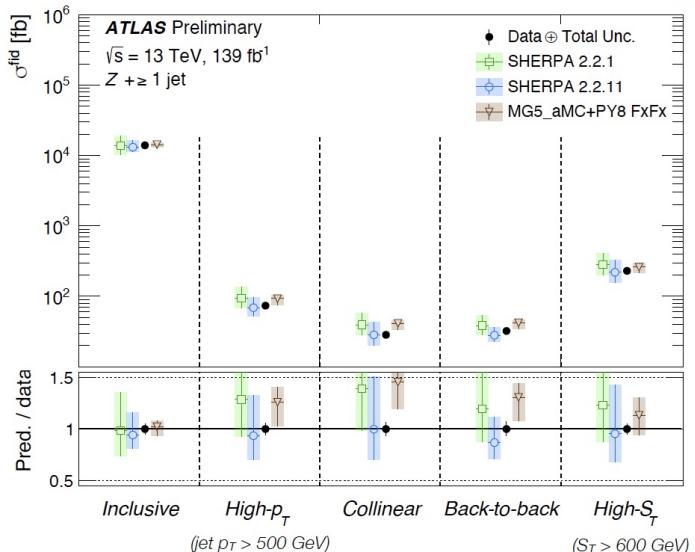
Performance of the CMS muon trigger system
in proton-proton collisions $\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV



Very highly efficient object reconstruction.
Percent-level (or better) understanding of this performance in data.

Z-boson + jets production

- Run 2: $\sim 8 \times 10^9$ Z bosons produced
- Test SM in events w/ $Z(\rightarrow ee, \mu\mu)$ and ≥ 1 jet with $p_T > 100$ GeV
 - SM predictions w/ event generators up to NLO QCD + NLO EW
 - Measure cross section in more extreme phase space:
collinear vs. back-to-back jet emission,
high jet p_T or high sum p_T

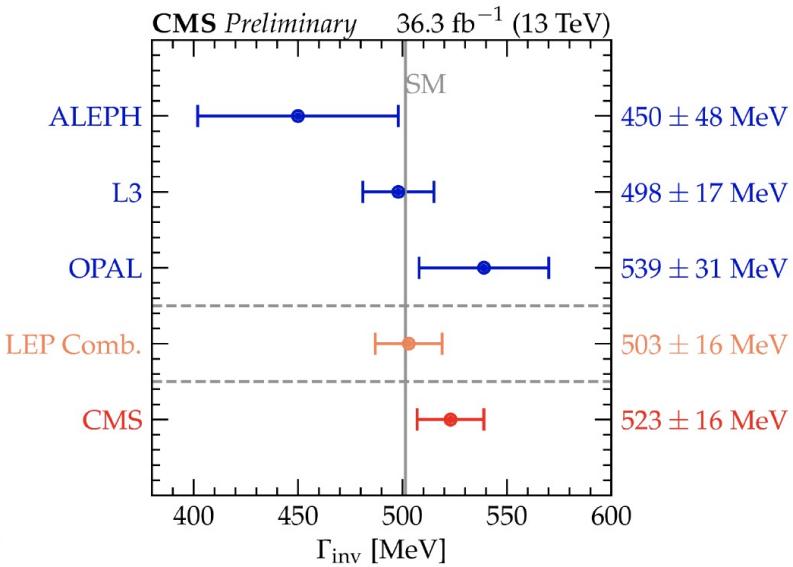
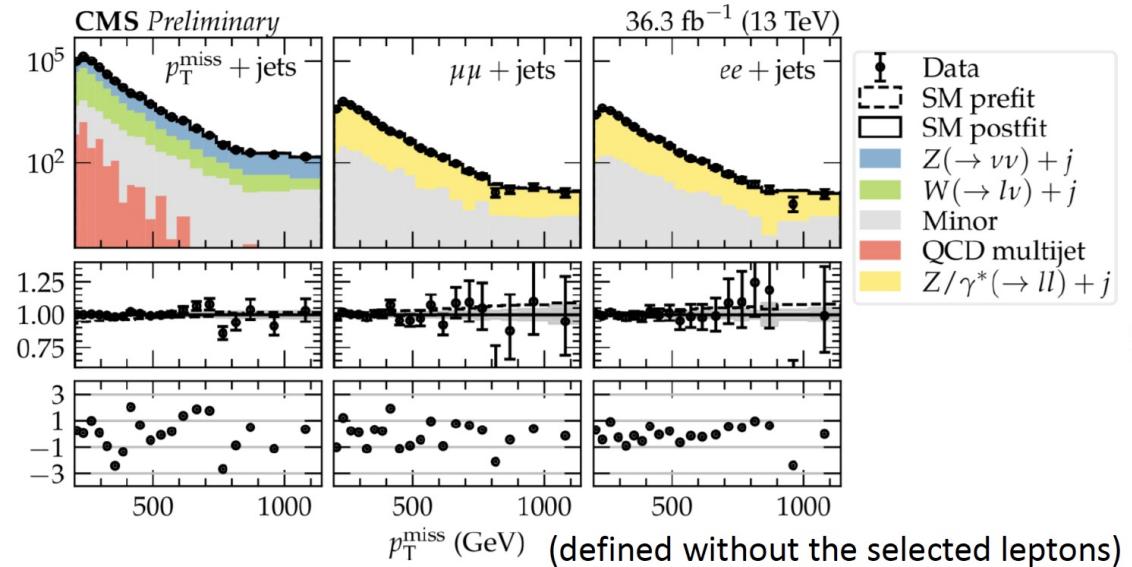


- Latest SHERPA 2.2.11 and MG5_aMC + Py8 (FxFx) provide improved modeling esp. in collinear region and at high p_T



Z invisible width

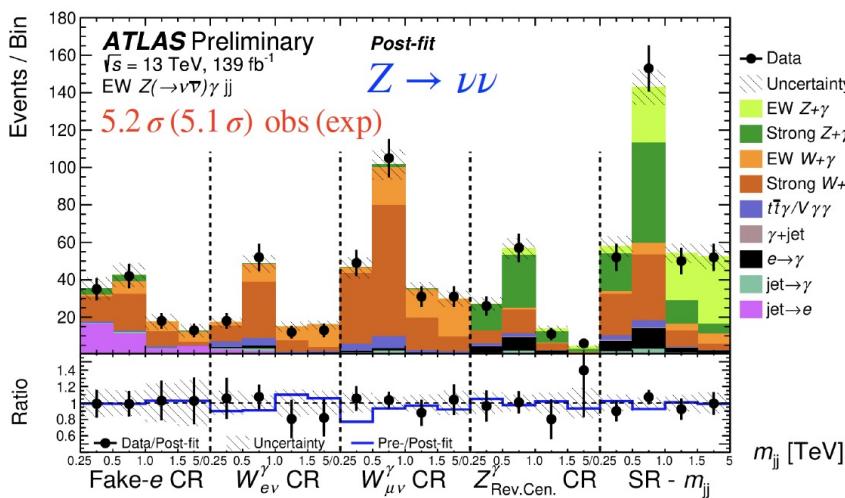
Ratio of Γ_{vv}/Γ_{ll} from a simultaneous fit of $Z \rightarrow vv, Z \rightarrow \mu\mu, Z \rightarrow ee$ enriched categories



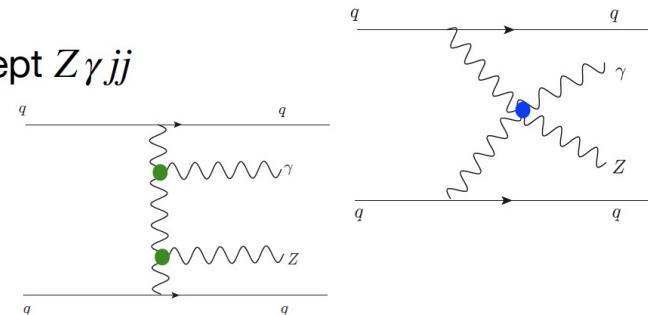
- $\Gamma_{\text{inv}} = 523 \pm 3 \text{ (stat)} \pm 16 \text{ (syst)} \text{ MeV}$
- Single most precise direct measurement of the Z invisible width Γ_{inv} , competitive with the combined direct LEP result

Vector-boson Scattering

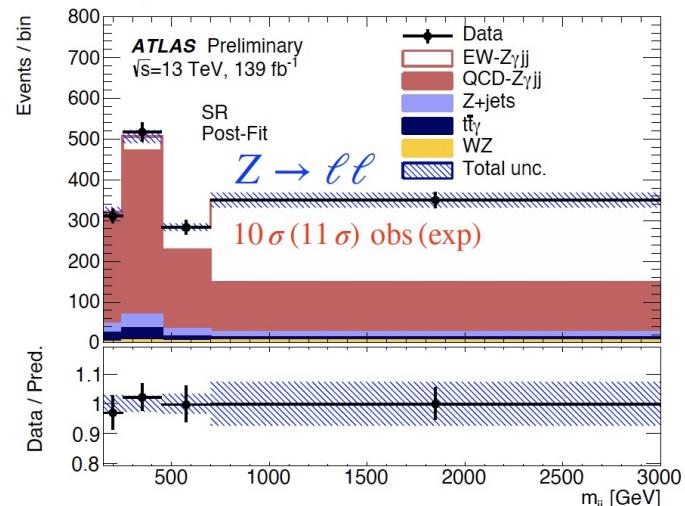
- Key test of EW symmetry
 - > **vector boson self-interactions**
 - > **cubic** and **quartic** couplings; previously observed - $V V jj$, except $Z \gamma jj$
- Events characterized by jets with large mass and rapidity gap
- Signal strength for $Z \gamma jj$ EW production (rel. to LO prediction)
 - $Z \rightarrow \nu \nu$: $\mu_{\text{EW}} = 1.03 \pm 0.16 \text{ (stat)} \pm 0.19 \text{ (syst)}$
 - $Z \rightarrow \ell \ell$: $\mu_{\text{EW}} = 0.95 \pm 0.08 \text{ (stat)} \pm 0.11 \text{ (syst)}$



$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{SM}} = -\frac{1}{4} F_{\mu\nu} F^{\mu\nu} + i \bar{\psi} \not{D} \psi + \psi_i y_{ij} \psi_j \phi + \text{hc} + |D_\mu \phi|^2 - V(\phi)$$



most precise with 13% cross-section uncert.



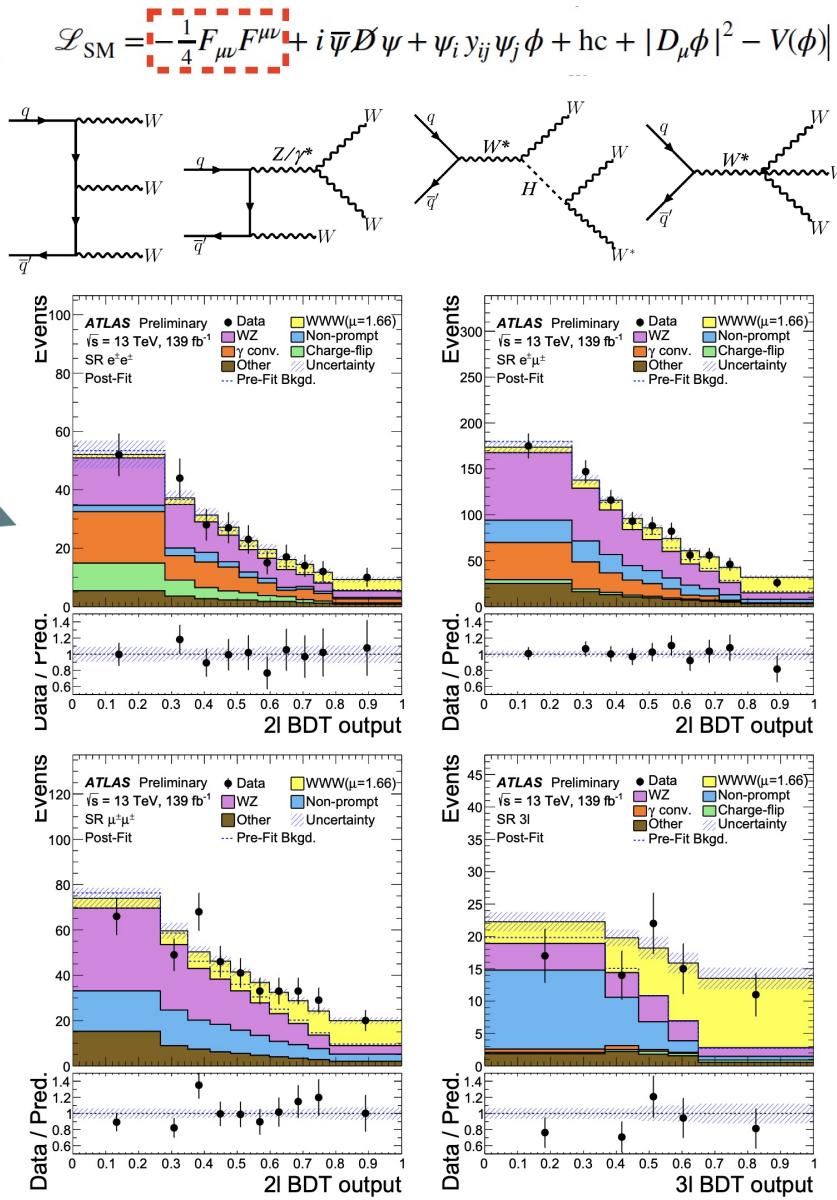
WWW Production

- Rare process providing access to **W/Z self-interactions**
→ **cubic** and **quartic** couplings
- Channels: $W^\pm W^\pm W^\mp \rightarrow \ell^\pm \nu \ell^\pm \nu qq'$ with $\ell = e, \mu$
 $\rightarrow \ell^\pm \nu \ell^\pm \nu \ell^\mp \nu$
- Main bkg: $WZ \rightarrow \ell \nu \ell \ell$ estimated w/ control regions
- Signal extracted w/ BDTs for 2ℓ and 3ℓ channels
- First WWW observation** with significance of 8.2σ (5.4σ) obs (exp)

$$\sigma(pp \rightarrow W^\pm W^\pm W^\mp) = 850 \pm 100 \text{ (stat)} \pm 80 \text{ (syst)} \text{ fb}$$

signal strength : 1.66 ± 0.28

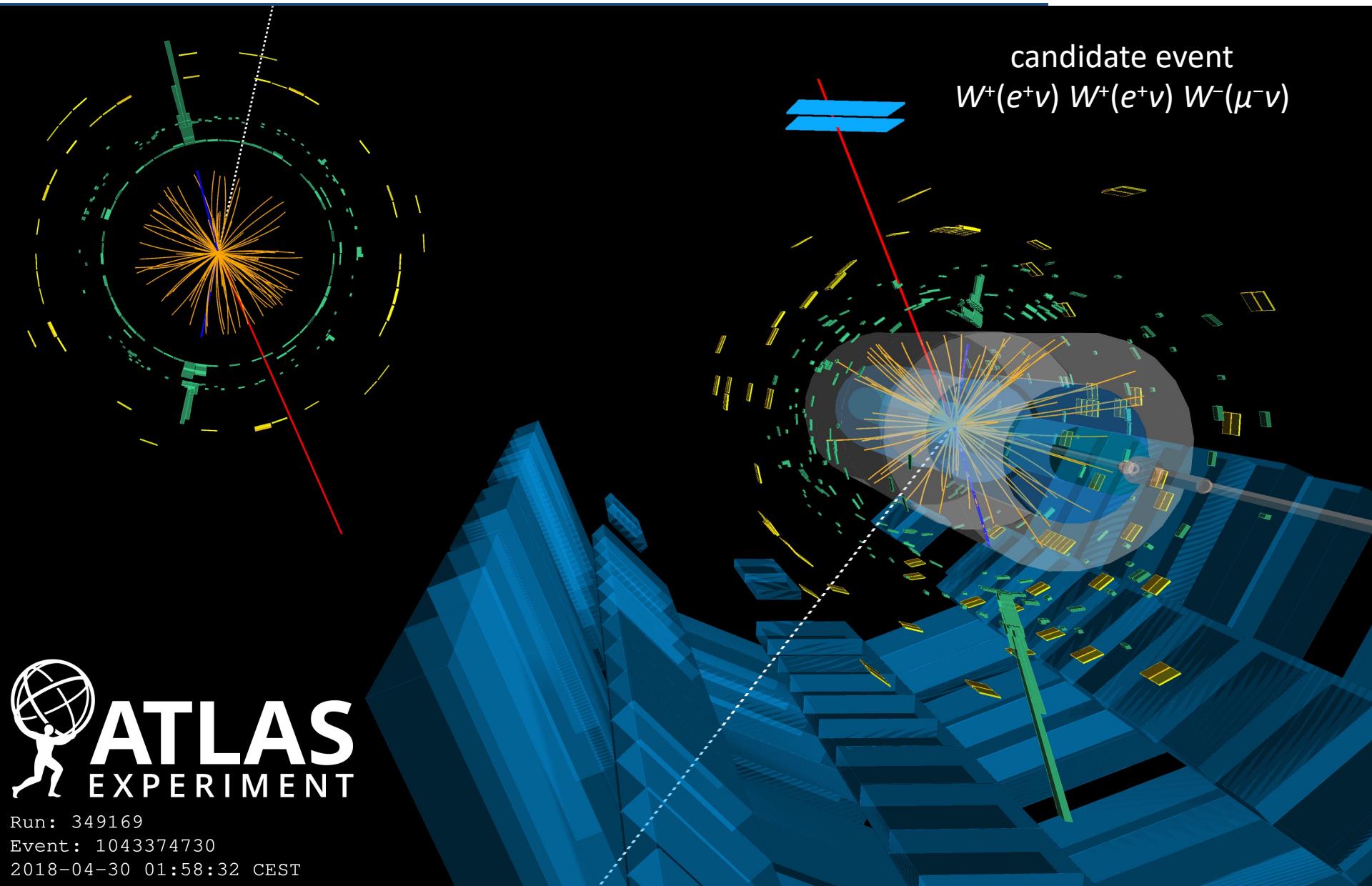
SM for WWW + WH : $511 \pm 42 \text{ fb}$ at NLO QCD



ATLAS CONF 2021-039

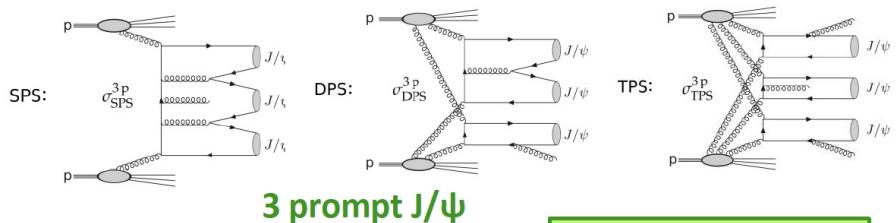
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WWW Production



Triple J/ ψ production

- Contributions to the production from single (SPS), double- (DPS), and triple- (TPS) parton scattering:

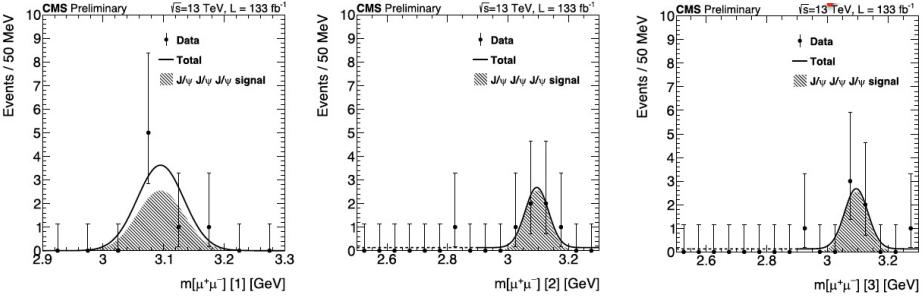


[CMS-PAS-BPH-21-004](#)

- Fiducial cross section:

$$\sigma(pp \rightarrow J/\psi J/\psi J/\psi X) = 272^{+141}_{-104}(\text{stat}) \pm 27(\text{syst}) \text{ fb}$$

Three J/ ψ candidates in each event ordered by p_T



First observation of triple J/ ψ production with $>5\sigma$ significance

- Production is expected to be dominated by DPS and TPS contributions, the DPS associated effective cross section parameter is:

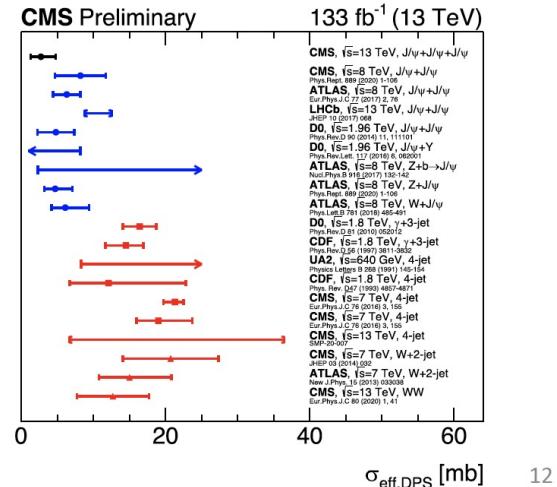
$$\sigma_{\text{Eff,DPS}} = 2.7^{+1.4}_{-1.0}(\text{exp})^{+1.5}_{-1.0}(\text{theo}) \text{ mb}$$

where $\sigma_{\text{Eff,DPS}}$ is an effective interaction area:

$$\sigma_{\text{DPS}}^{\text{pp} \rightarrow \psi_1 \psi_2 + X} = \left(\frac{m}{2} \right) \frac{\sigma_{\text{SPS}}^{\text{pp} \rightarrow \psi_1 + X} \sigma_{\text{SPS}}^{\text{pp} \rightarrow \psi_2 + X}}{\sigma_{\text{eff,DPS}}}$$

- Candidate channel for first observation of TPS

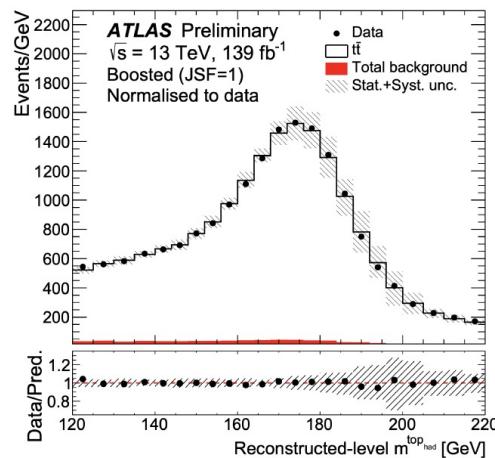
Measured $\sigma_{\text{Eff,DPS}}$ compared to the same measurement in other processes



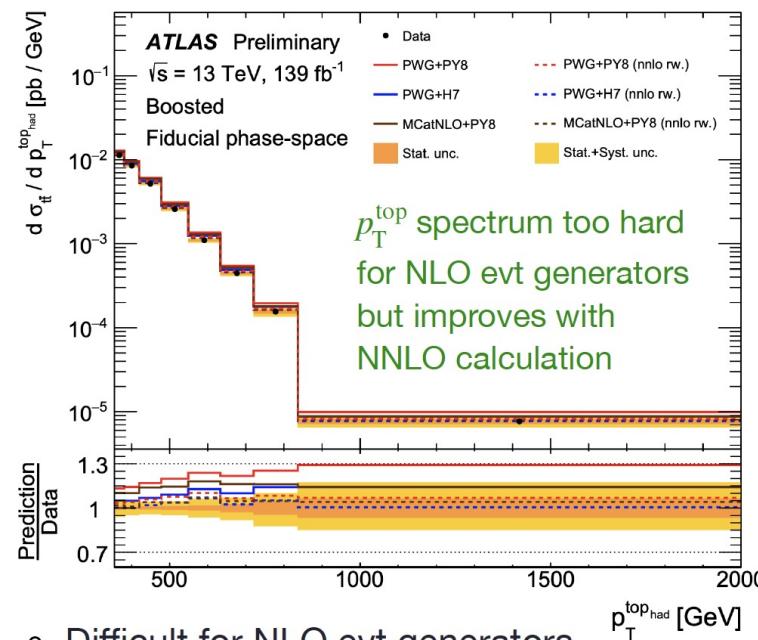
Top

top-quark production

- Run 2: $\sim 1.2 \times 10^8 t\bar{t}$ produced
- Test SM at high p_T^{top} , where deviations expected from BSM, measure both $t\bar{t}$ system and radiation
 - SM predictions at NNLO QCD + NLO EW
- I+jets channel: $t\bar{t} \rightarrow Wb Wb \rightarrow \ell\nu b q\bar{q}'b$
 - Reconstruct **hadronic top** as reclustered R=1.0 anti-kt jet w/ $p_T > 355$ GeV, $|\eta| < 2.0$, and mass $\in 120\text{-}220$ GeV
 - Reduce jet energy scale uncertainties by using mass of reconstructed hadronic top
 - \rightarrow jet energy scale factor
 - \rightarrow $\sim 30\%$ reduction in $\sigma_{\text{syst}}^{\text{tot}}$
 - Differential cross sections provided for 16 variables (8 for the first time for boosted top quarks)



$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{SM}} = -\frac{1}{4} F_{\mu\nu} F^{\mu\nu} + i \bar{\psi} \not{D} \psi + \psi_i y_{ij} \psi_j \phi + \text{hc} + |D_\mu \phi|^2 - V(\phi)$$



p_T^{top} spectrum too hard for NLO evt generators but improves with NNLO calculation

- Difficult for NLO evt generators to model additional radiation
- Constraints placed on EFT operators \mathcal{O}_{tG} and $\mathcal{O}_{tq}^{(8)}$

CP violation in semileptonic ttbar

- Measure asymmetry of 4 T-odd observables which if CPT is conserved are also odd under CP transformation

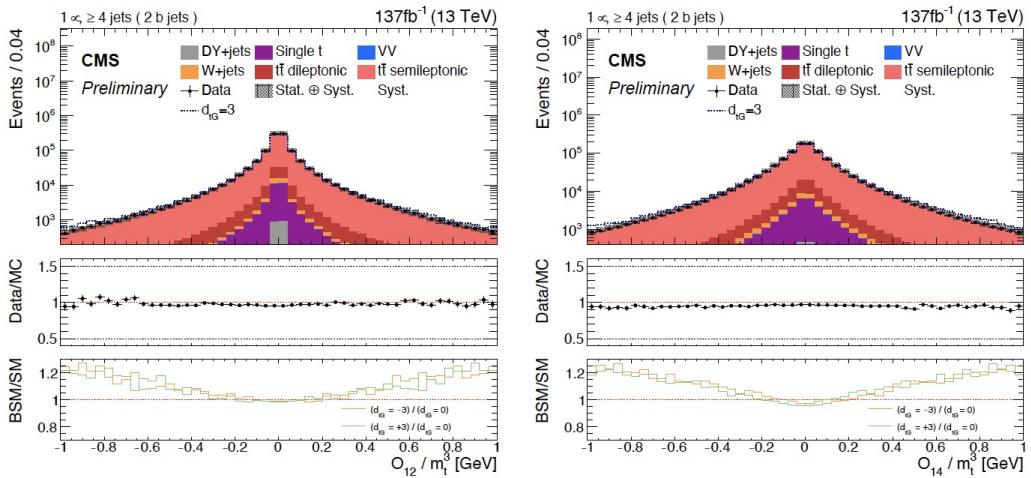
$$O_3 = Q_\ell \epsilon(p_b, p_{\bar{b}}, p_\ell, p_{j_1}) \propto Q_\ell \vec{p}_b \cdot (\vec{p}_\ell \times \vec{p}_{j_1})$$

$$O_6 = Q_\ell \epsilon(P, p_b - p_{\bar{b}}, p_\ell, p_{j_1}) \propto Q_\ell (\vec{p}_b - \vec{p}_{\bar{b}}) \cdot (\vec{p}_\ell \times \vec{p}_{j_1})$$

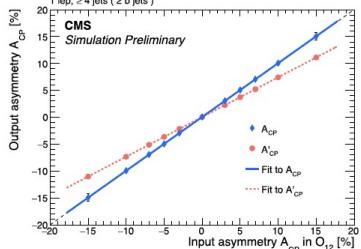
$$O_{12} = q \cdot (p_b - p_{\bar{b}}) \epsilon(P, q, p_b, p_{\bar{b}}) \propto (\vec{p}_b - \vec{p}_{\bar{b}})_z \cdot (\vec{p}_b \times \vec{p}_{\bar{b}})_z$$

$$O_{14} = \epsilon(P, p_b + p_{\bar{b}}, p_\ell, p_{j_1}) \propto (\vec{p}_b + \vec{p}_{\bar{b}}) \cdot (\vec{p}_\ell \times \vec{p}_{j_1}).$$

$$A_{CP}(O_i) = \frac{N_{\text{events}}(O_i > 0) - N_{\text{events}}(O_i < 0)}{N_{\text{events}}(O_i > 0) + N_{\text{events}}(O_i < 0)}, i = 3, 6, 12, 14$$

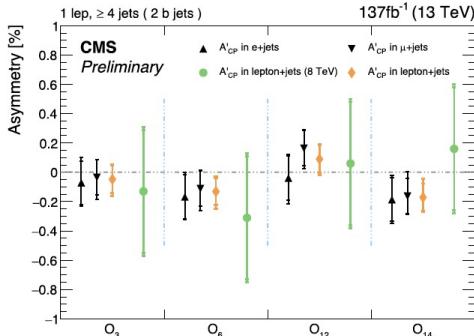


**Measured asymmetries A'_{CP} are affected by dilution effects
Due for example to the mis-assignment of the quark/antiquark**



CMS-PAS-TOP-20-005

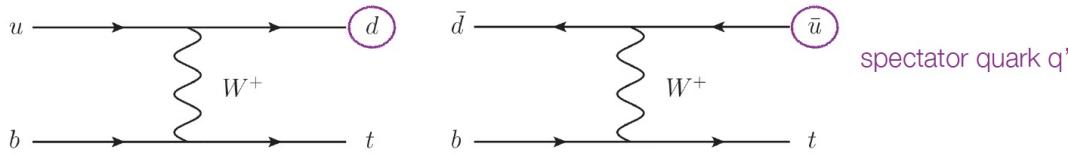
Raw asymmetries



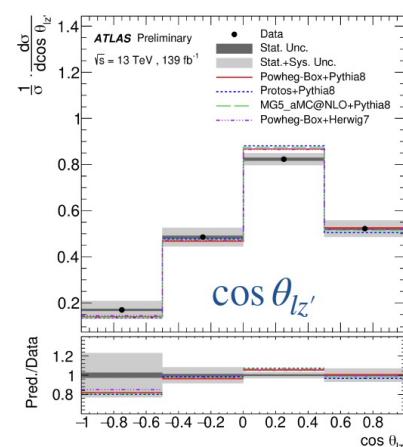
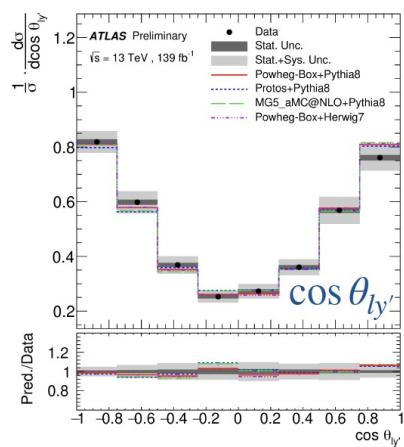
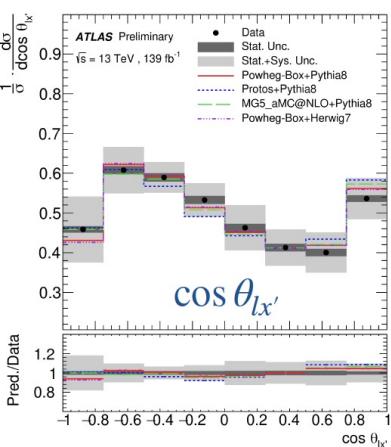
All measures asymmetries consistent with 0 indicating no CPV

Single top-quark polarization

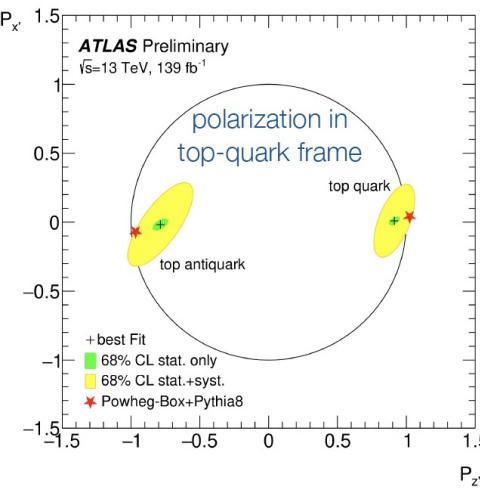
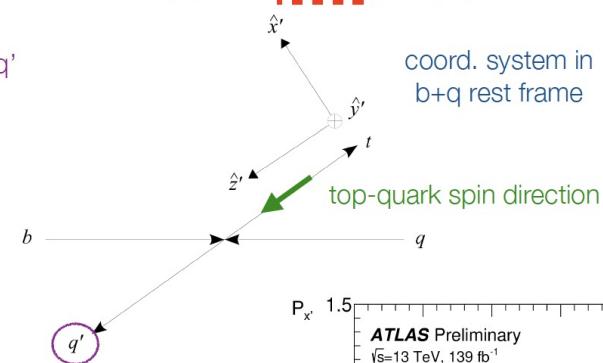
- t -channel dominates single top-quark production



- High polarization expected from V-A structure of CC weak interaction + test BSM impact on tWb vertex
- First measurement of polarization vector in 3-D via angular distributions of lepton (e or μ) from $t \rightarrow b\ell\nu$ decay



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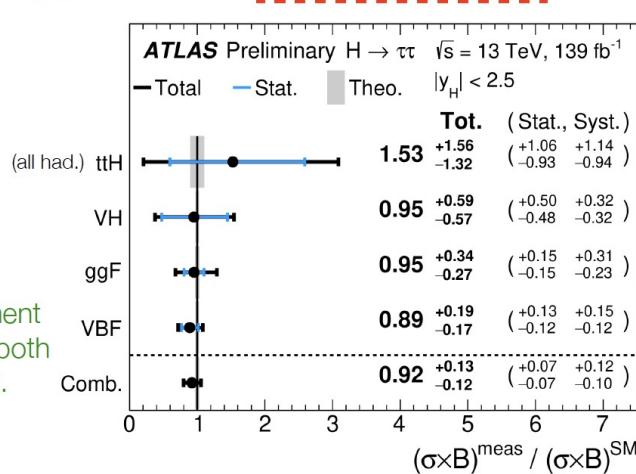
- Constraints placed on Re and Im parts of EFT operator \mathcal{O}_{tW}

Higgs

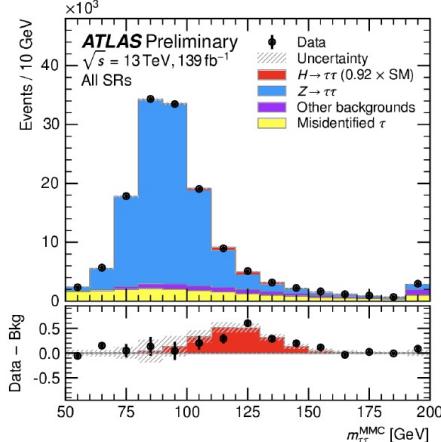
Higgs Couplings to τ leptons

- Run 2: $\sim 8 \times 10^6$ Higgs bosons produced
- $\mathcal{B}(H \rightarrow \tau\tau) = 6.3\%$ \rightarrow test **Yukawa interactions with leptons**
- Expt. challenge: 2-4 neutrinos in final state, poor mass resolution
- Multiple BDTs used to suppress $Z \rightarrow \tau\tau$ and $t\bar{t}$ background, and categorize event purity for each production mechanism
- Dominant $Z \rightarrow \tau\tau$ background from MC, controlled with $Z \rightarrow \ell\ell$ data via kinematic embedding procedure

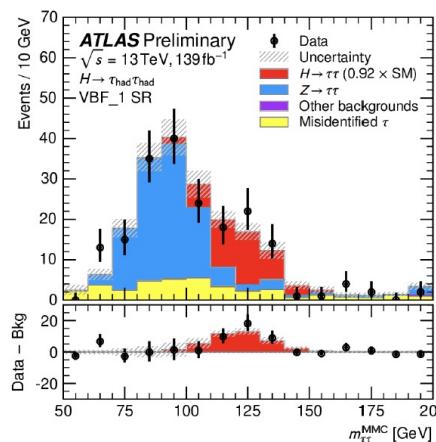
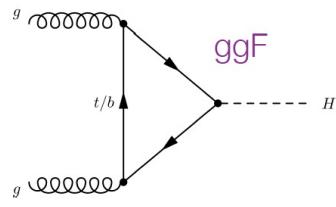
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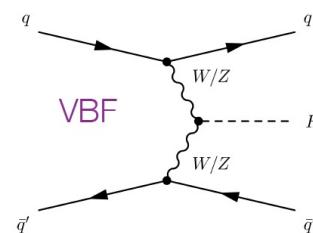
factor of 2.5 improvement over 36 fb^{-1} analysis in both stat and syst uncert.

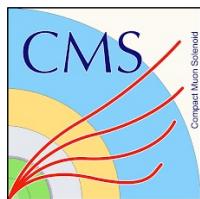


- ggF significance
- 3.9σ (4.6σ) obs (exp)



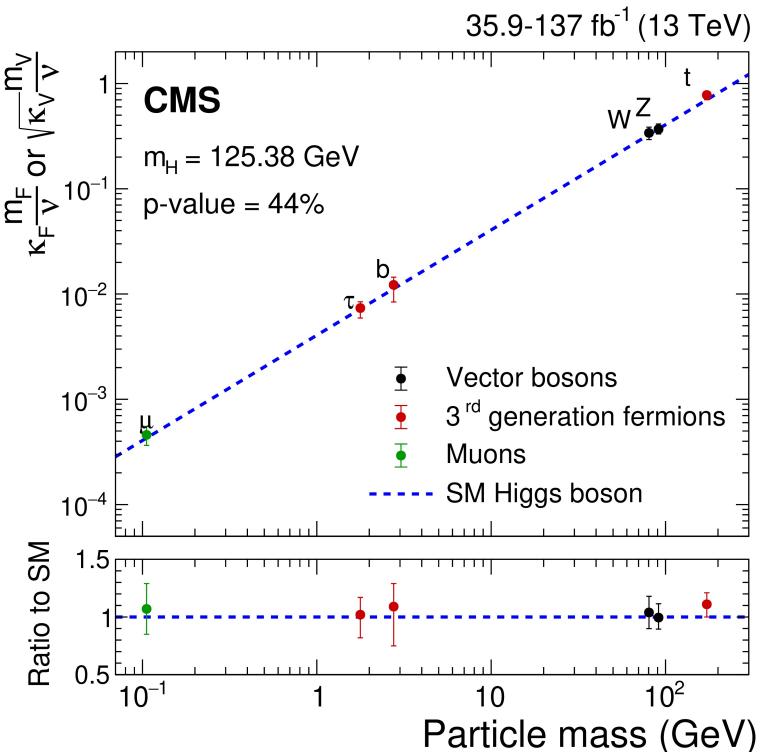
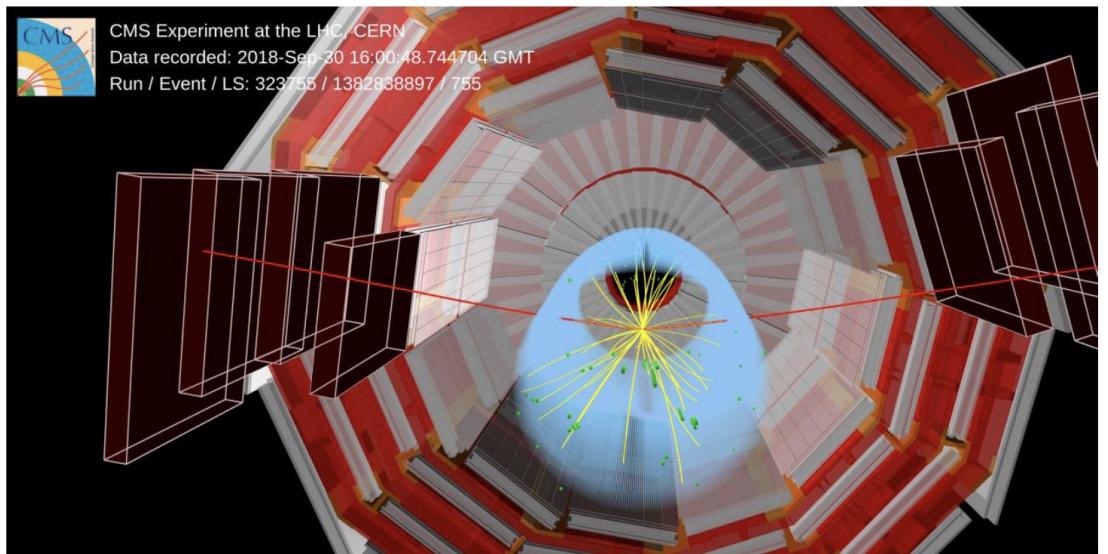
- VBF significance
- 5.3σ (6.2σ) obs (exp)





Evidence for $H \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-$

$H \rightarrow \mu\mu$ candidate in gluon fusion channel
Mass = 125.46 ± 1.13 GeV



- Signal strength, relative to the SM prediction $\mu = 1.19^{+0.40}_{-0.39}$ (stat) $^{+0.15}_{-0.14}$ (syst)
- Obs. (exp.) significance 3.0σ (2.5σ)

Higgs to 2nd generation quarks

- Test of **Yukawa interactions w/ 2nd generation fermions**: evidence for leptons only
- **Search for $H \rightarrow cc$** in associated $V(\ell\ell, \ell\nu, \nu\nu)H$ production
- Dedicated charm tagging
- Results:

$VW(\rightarrow cq)$ with $3.8\sigma(4.6\sigma)$ obs (exp)

$VZ(\rightarrow cc)$ with $2.6\sigma(2.2\sigma)$ obs (exp)

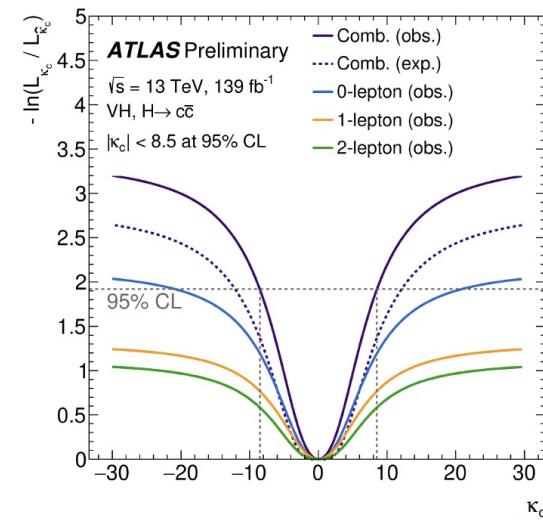
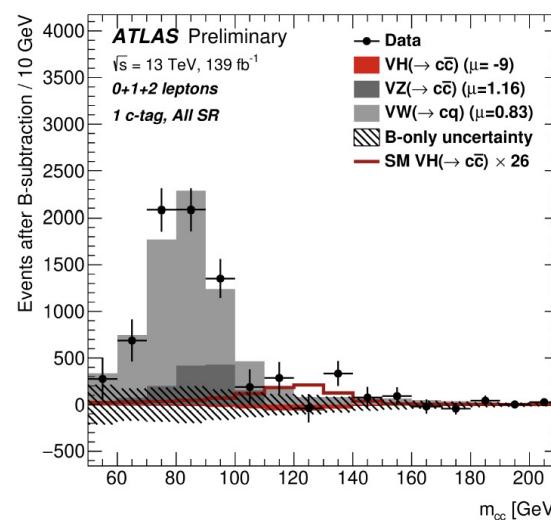
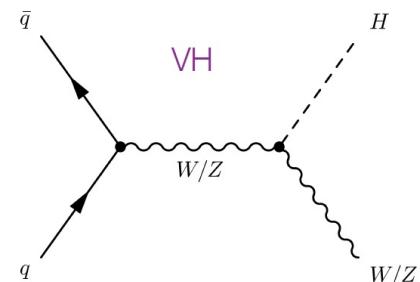
$VH(\rightarrow cc) < 26(31)\sigma_{\text{SM}}$ obs (exp)

- Charm Yukawa modifier

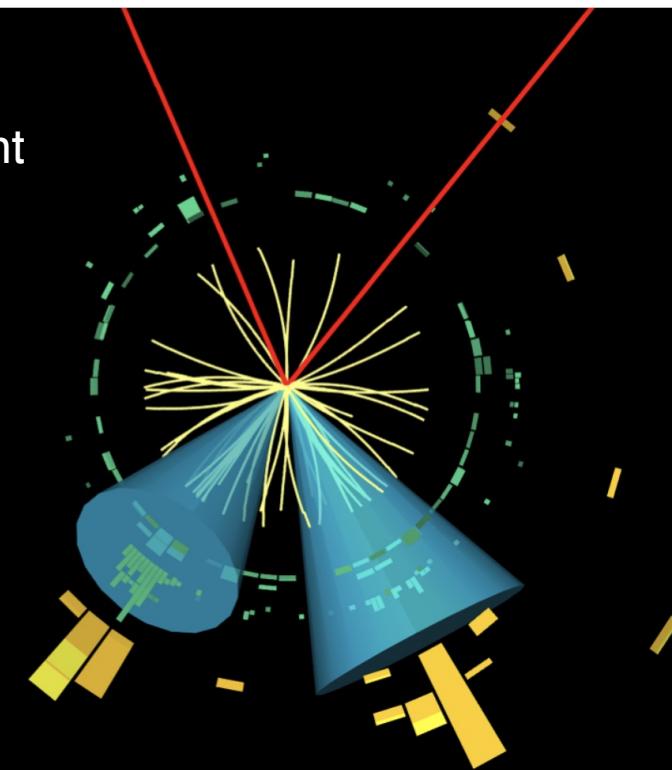
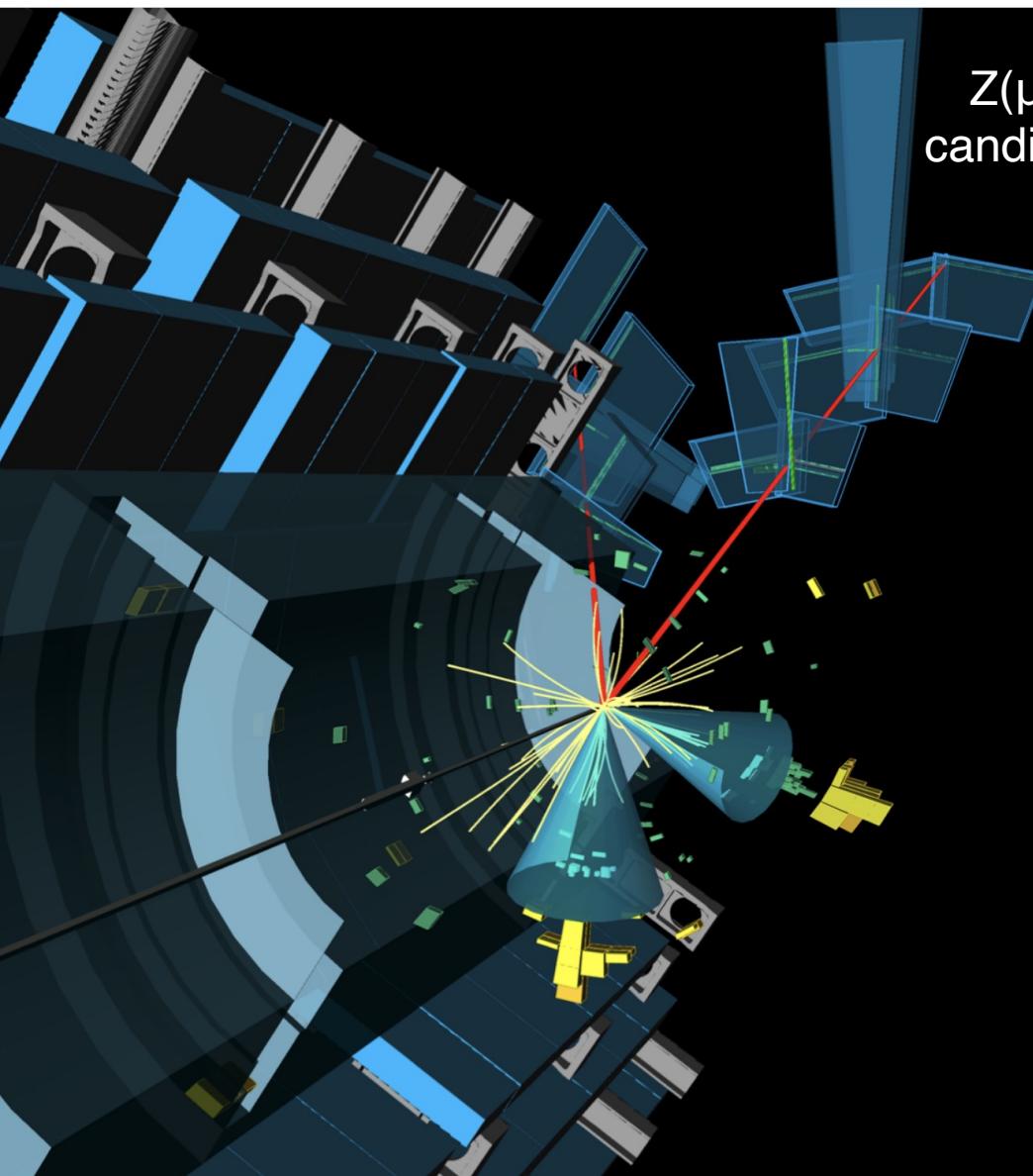
$|\kappa_c| < 8.5(12.4)$ obs (exp)

first direct constraint

$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{SM}} = -\frac{1}{4}F_{\mu\nu}F^{\mu\nu} + i\bar{\psi}\not{D}\psi + \psi_i y_{ij} \psi_j \phi + \text{hc} + |D_\mu\phi|^2 - V(\phi)$$



Higgs to 2nd generation



Run: 303892

Event: 4866214607

2016-07-16 06:20:19 CEST

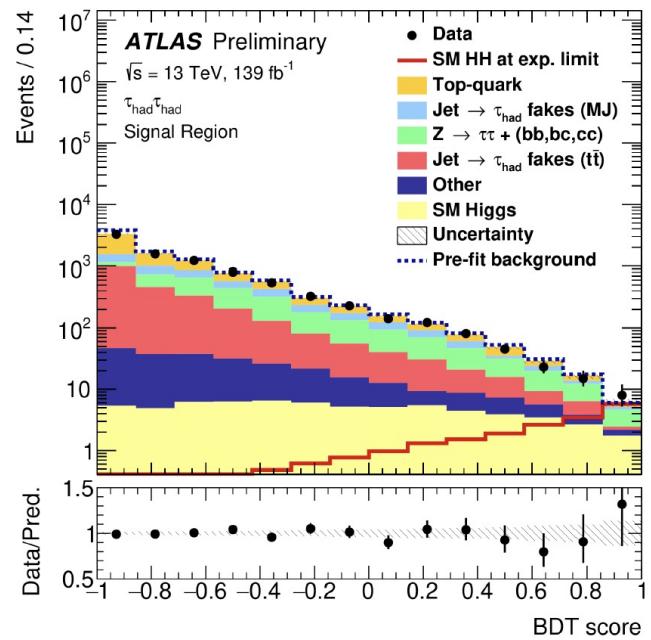
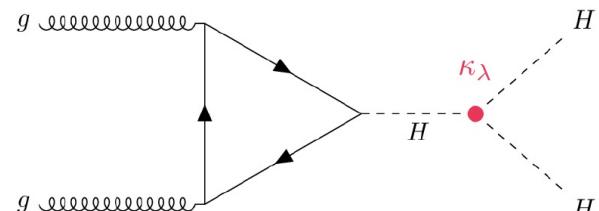
Di-Higgs production

- **Direct access to Higgs potential**
 - Last part of SM needing direct test
 - Small HH XS (ggF 31 fb @NNLO)
- HH → bbbb (33%), bb $\tau\tau$ (7.3%), bb $\gamma\gamma$ (0.3%)
- **HH → bb $\tau\tau$ channel**
 - Trigger: single lepton, lepton+ τ_{had} , single τ_{had} , di- τ_{had}
 - MVAs (BDT and NN) used for signal vs. bkg
 - Z($\ell\ell$)+heavy flavor CR
 - multiple fake-tau CRs
 - most sensitive channel to non-resonant HH

$$\sigma_{HH}/\sigma_{HH}^{SM} < 4.7 \text{ (3.9) obs (exp)}$$

factor of 4 improvement over 36 fb⁻¹ analysis

$$\mathcal{L}_{SM} = -\frac{1}{4}F_{\mu\nu}F^{\mu\nu} + i\bar{\psi}\not{D}\psi + \psi_i y_{ij} \psi_j \phi + hc + |D_\mu\phi|^2 - V(\phi)$$



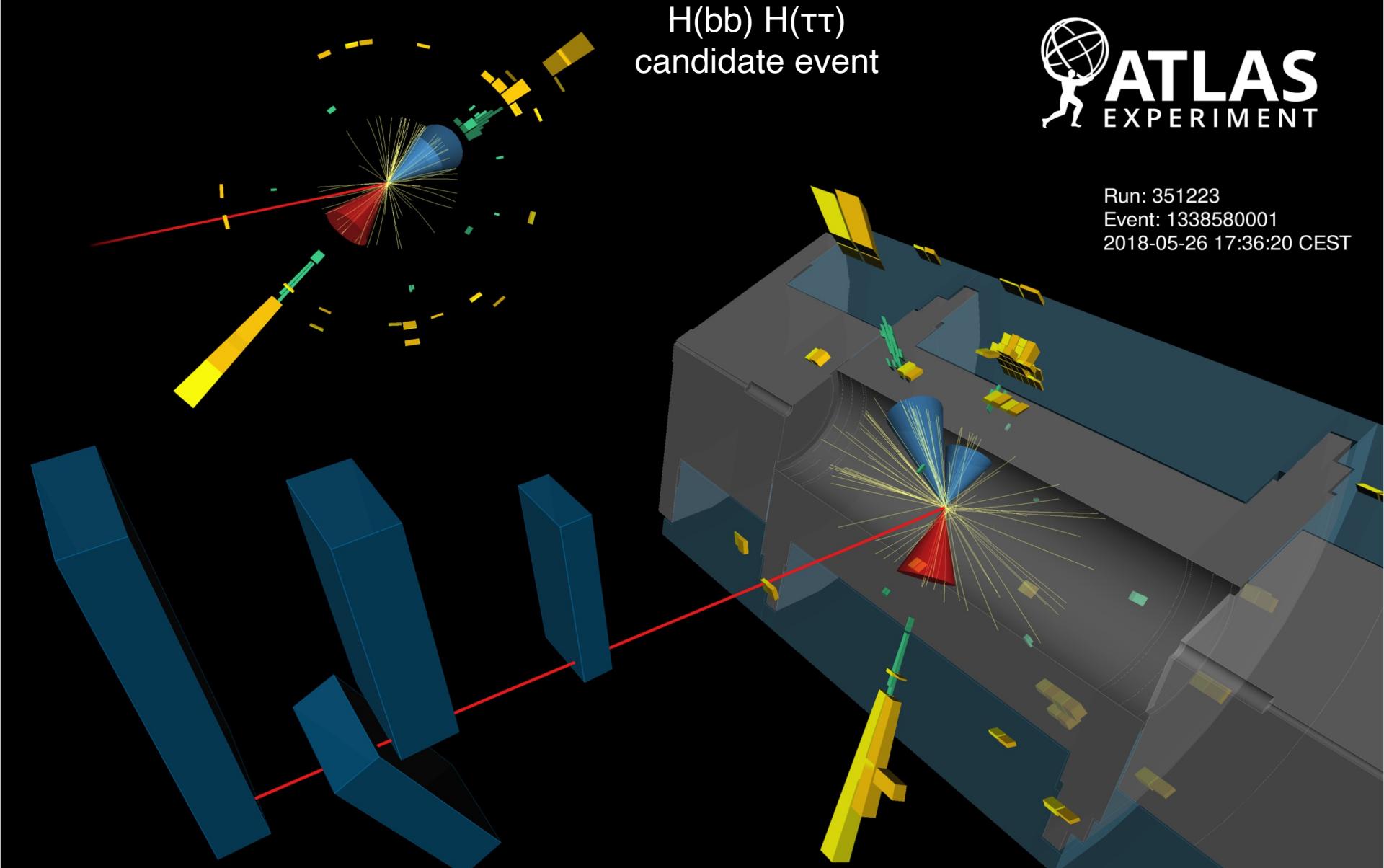
Di-Higgs production



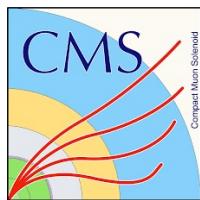
$H(b\bar{b}) H(\tau\tau)$
candidate event



Run: 351223
Event: 1338580001
2018-05-26 17:36:20 CEST



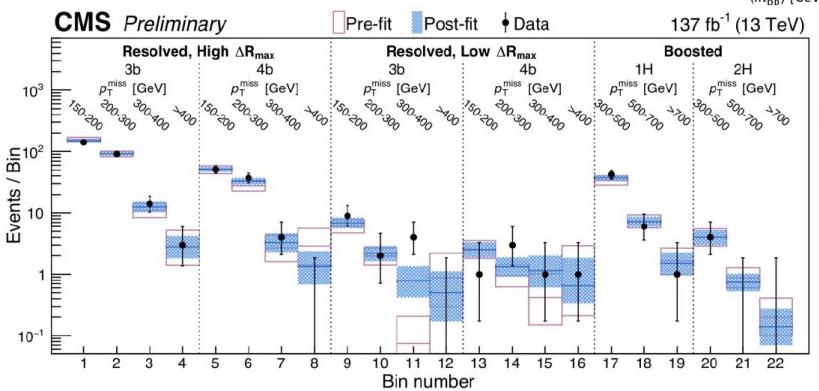
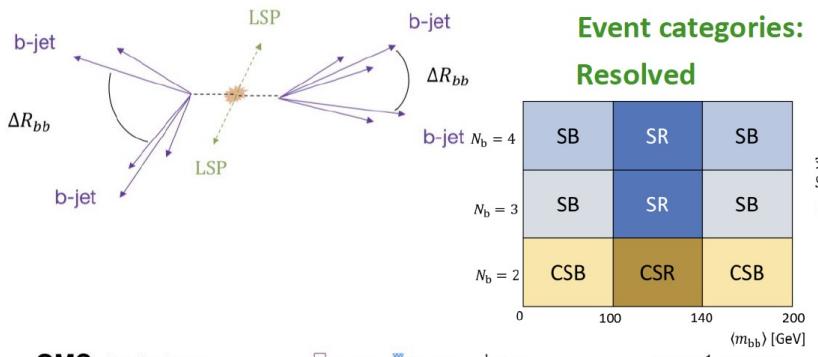
SEARCHES



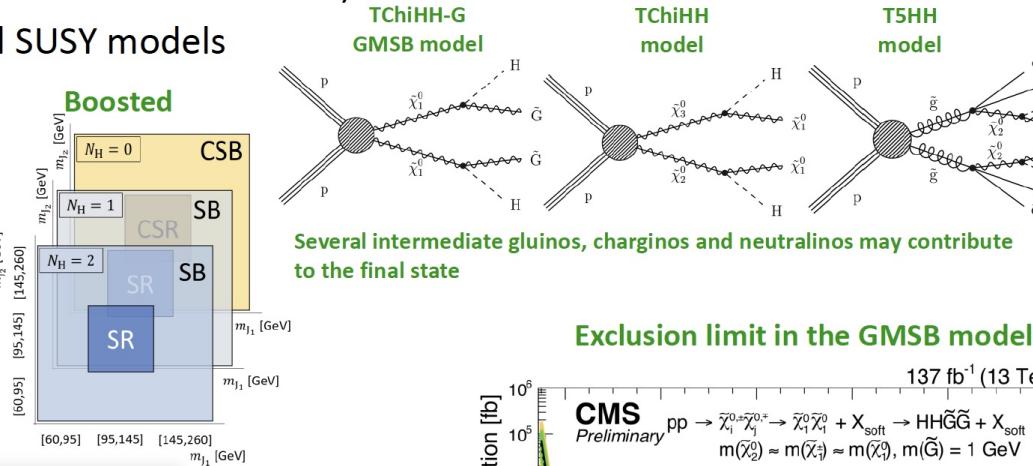
SUSY $HH \rightarrow 4b$

- Search carried out for boosted ($\Delta R_{bb} < 0.8$) and resolved ($\Delta R_{bb} > 0.4$) Higgs to bb (exclusive search enforced by giving priority to the resolved search)
- Search results are interpreted using simplified SUSY models

CMS-PAS-SUS-20-004



Small excess in one single bin (1.9 σ global)



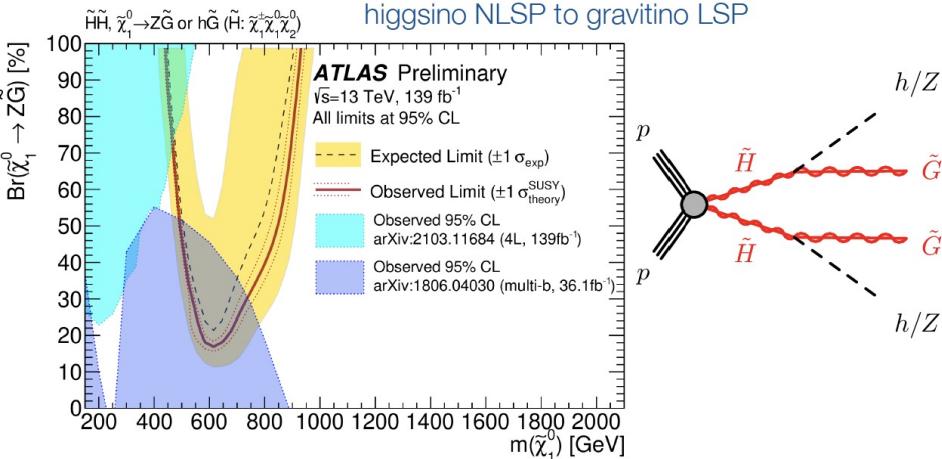
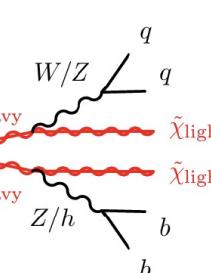
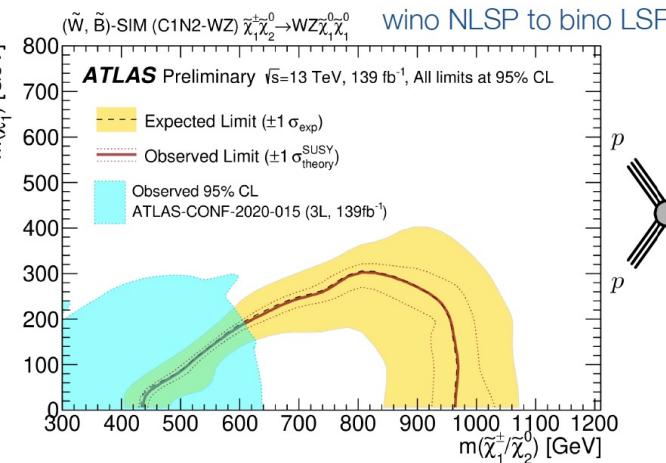
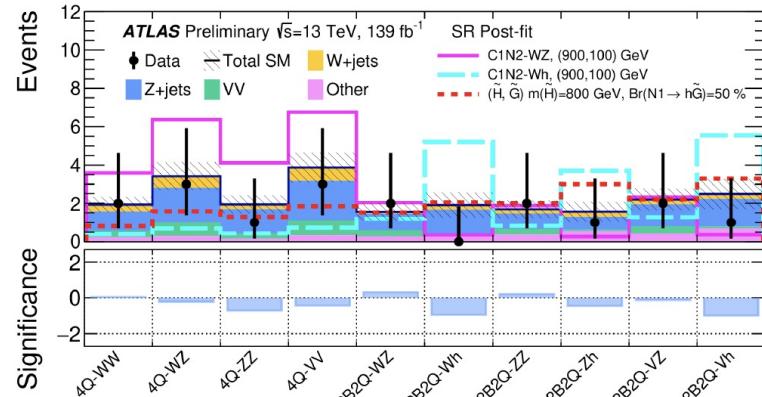
Excluded at 95% C.L.:

- TChiHH-G:
 $175 < m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0} < 1025 \text{ GeV}$
- T5HH:
 $m_{\tilde{g}} < 2330 \text{ GeV}$

SUSY Electroweak

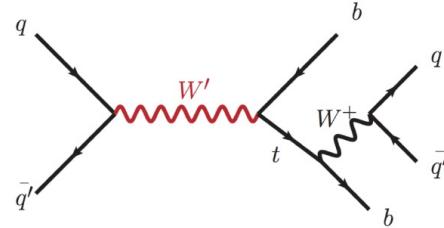
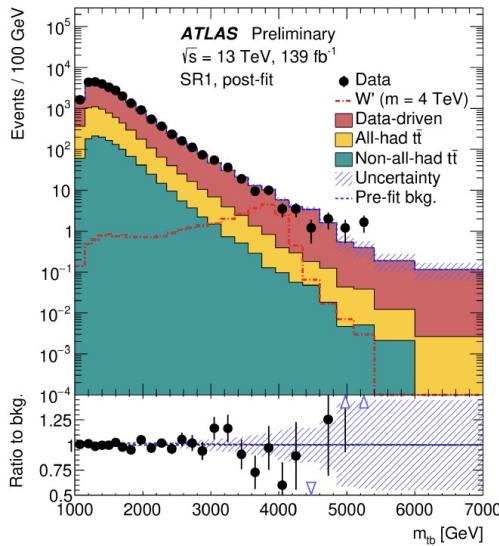
- **Electroweakinos** with mass $\sim 0.1 - 1$ TeV well motivated:
 - Neutralino LSP as dark matter, naturalness problem, muon g-2 anomaly
- Target mass splitting between NLSP and LSP > 400 GeV
- *First SUSY EW search* with fully hadronic final state using large-R jets tagged as W/Z or H jets
- Strongest limits at high electroweakino mass

$$\mathcal{L} = \mathcal{L}_{\text{SM}} + \boxed{\mathcal{L}_{\text{SUSY}}}$$



Heavy Particle Search

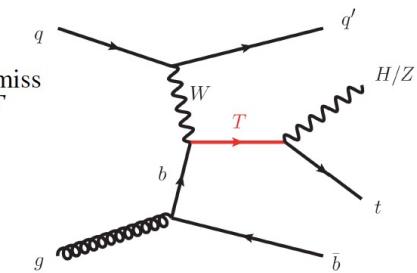
- Motivated by hierarchy problem —> new physics at TeV scale
- Heavy gauge boson** with right-handed couplings
 - Top-tagged large-R jet + b-tagged small-R jet
 - Deep NN top tagger using jet substructure
 - Discriminant: m_{tb}



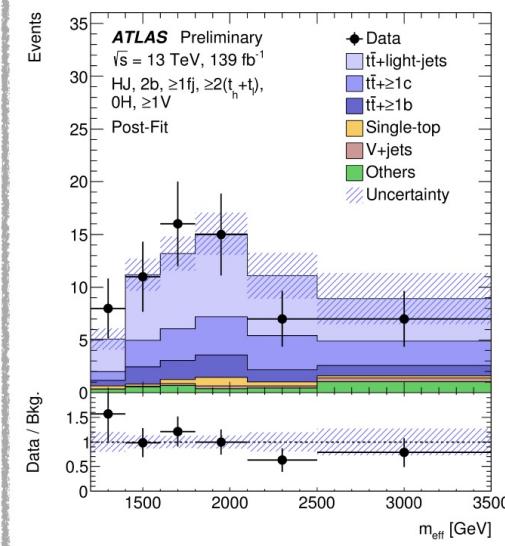
$m(W'_R) > 4.4 \text{ TeV} (4.1 \text{ TeV})$
 obs (exp)

- Vector-like top quark (single production)**

- $e/\mu + Z/H$ -tagged large-R jet + small-R jets (some b-tagged)
- Discr.: $m_{\text{eff}} = \sum_i p_{Ti} + E_T^{\text{miss}}$



$m(T) > 1.8 \text{ TeV} (1.5 \text{ TeV})$
 obs (exp)
 for coupling $\kappa \geq 0.5$



[ATLAS-CONF-2021-043](#)

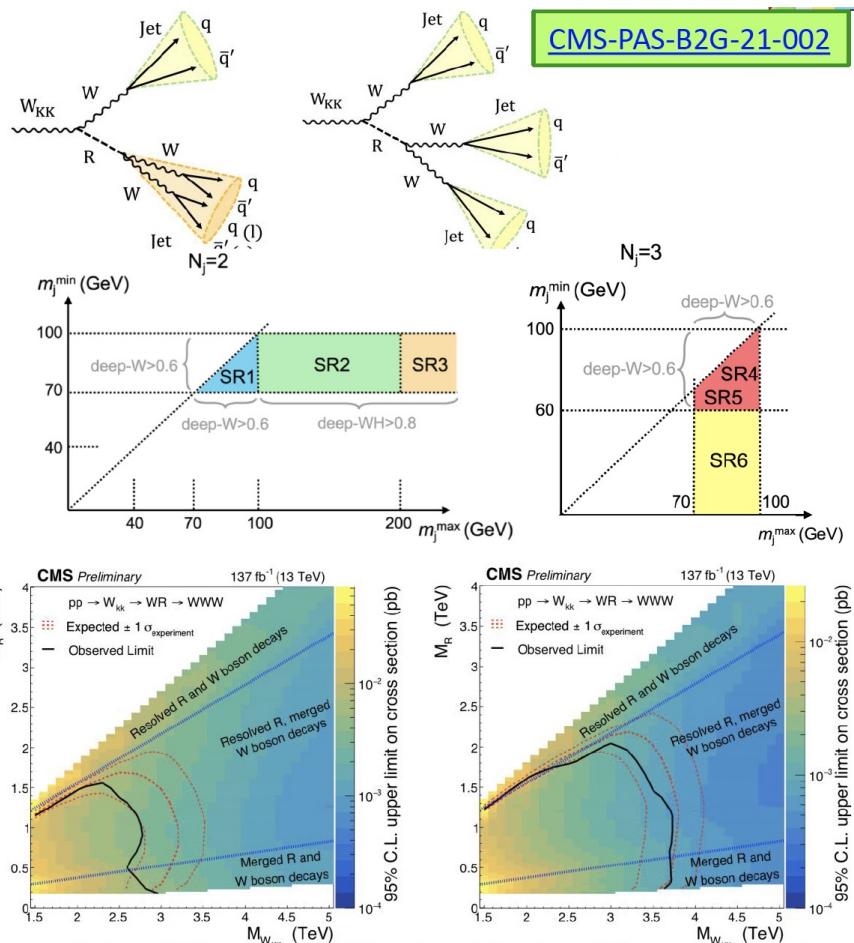
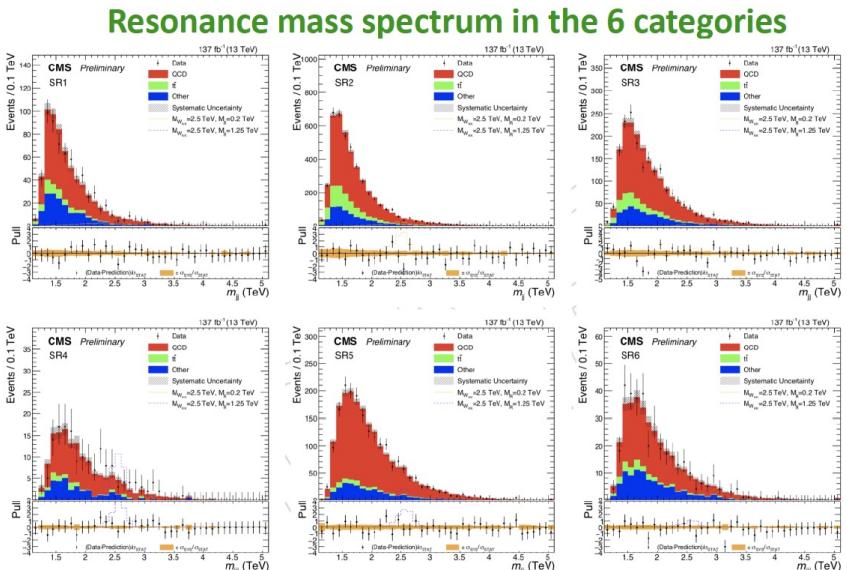
[ATLAS-CONF-2021-040](#)



Triboson resonance

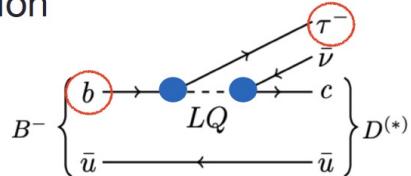
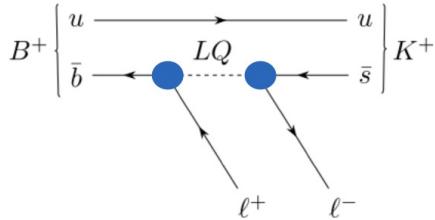
- Search for decays via a scalar radion R
 - $X \rightarrow WR \rightarrow WWW$,
- The radion can decay into 1 or 2 reconstructed large radius jets
- Results are combined with the complementary search in the l + jets final state

[CMS-PAS-B2G-20-001](#)



Flavour Anomalies

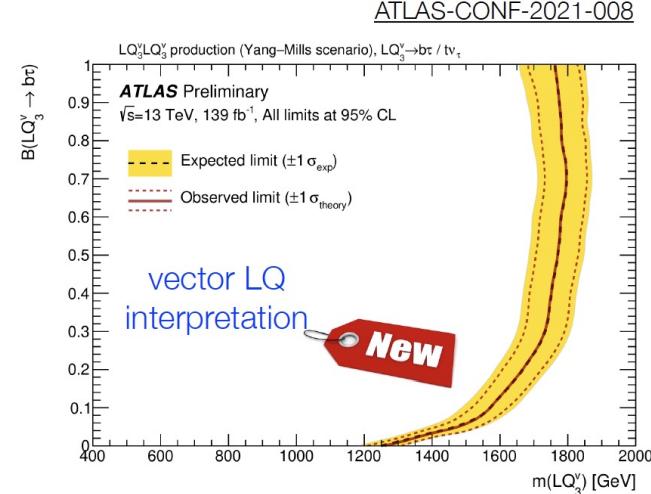
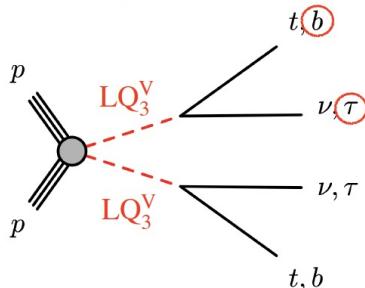
- Recent results from B decays indicate deviations from lepton-flavor universality
 - $R(K^{(*)}) = \frac{\mathcal{B}(B \rightarrow K^{(*)}\mu^+\mu^-)}{\mathcal{B}(B \rightarrow K^{(*)}e^+e^-)}$ and $R(D^{(*)}) = \frac{\mathcal{B}(B \rightarrow D^{(*)}\tau\nu)}{\mathcal{B}(B \rightarrow D^{(*)}\ell\nu)}$ (with $\ell = e, \mu$) both disagree w/ SM at $\sim 3\sigma$
 - Vector leptoquarks a potential explanation



Search for LQ pair production*

(other relevant searches not covered here)

- Trigger on E_T^{miss} + require offline $E_T^{\text{miss}} > 280$ GeV,
1 τ_{had} , ≥ 2 b-tagged jets
- Main bkg: $t\bar{t}$ and single top from CRs
- $m(LQ_3^V) > 1.8$ TeV
for $\mathcal{B}(LQ_3^V \rightarrow b\tau) \sim 0.5$
- Addresses $R(D^{(*)})$ anomaly at \sim expected scale



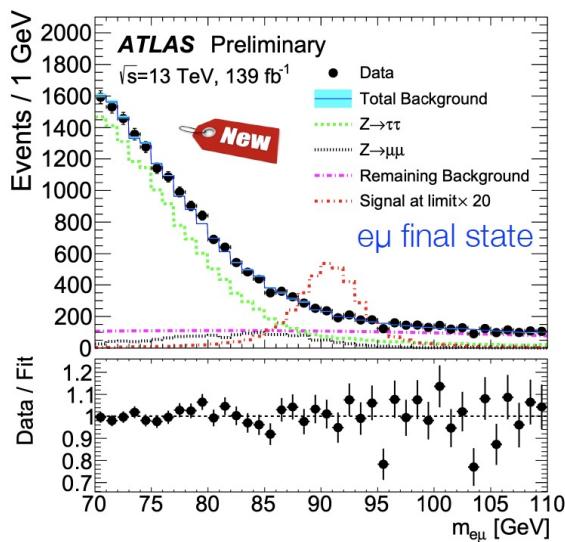
* search also targeting SUSY stop to stau production

LQ Summary plots

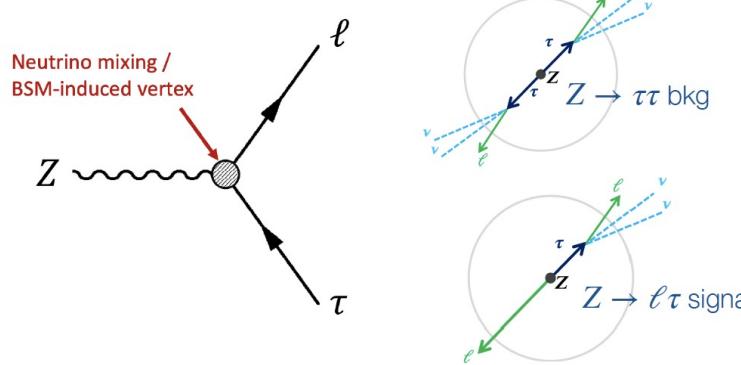
SUSY-2019-18

Lepton Flavour Violation

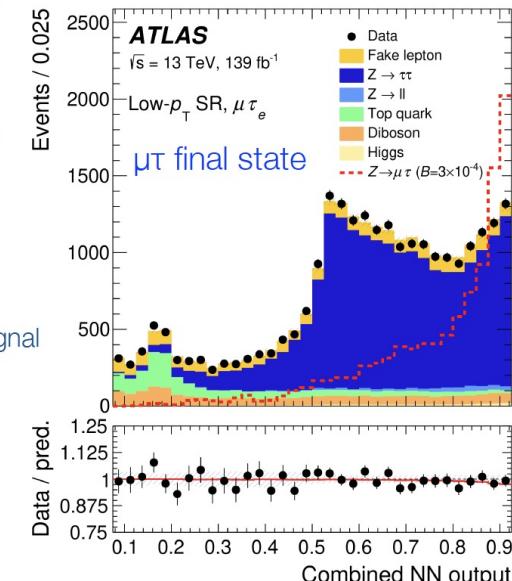
- Run 2: $\sim 8 \times 10^9 Z$ bosons produced
- Lepton flavor violation only observed in neutrino oscillations, \sim negligible for ℓ^\pm in SM
- $Z \rightarrow e\mu$ search based on $m_{\ell\ell'}$ w/ reduced uncert. normalizing to $Z \rightarrow ee, \mu\mu$
- $Z \rightarrow e\tau, \mu\tau$ search w/ NNs to suppress $Z \rightarrow \tau\tau, t\bar{t}, VV$ & $W \rightarrow \ell\nu + \text{jets}$ bkg



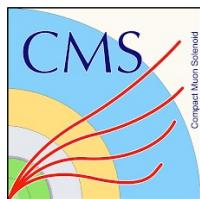
- LEP limits surpassed by factors of 5 ($Z \rightarrow e\mu$) and 2 ($Z \rightarrow e\tau, \mu\tau$)



Upper limits at 95% CL		
	ATLAS	LEP
$B(Z \rightarrow e\mu)$	0.34×10^{-6}	1.7×10^{-6} (OPAL)
$B(Z \rightarrow e\tau)$	5.0×10^{-6}	9.8×10^{-6} (OPAL)
$B(Z \rightarrow \mu\tau)$	6.5×10^{-6}	12×10^{-6} (DELPHI)



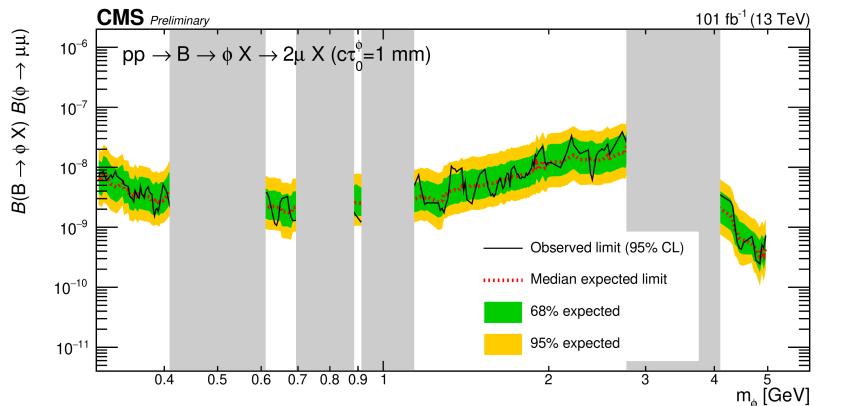
[ATLAS-CONF-2021-042](#)
[EXOT-2020-28](#)
[EXOT-2018-36](#)



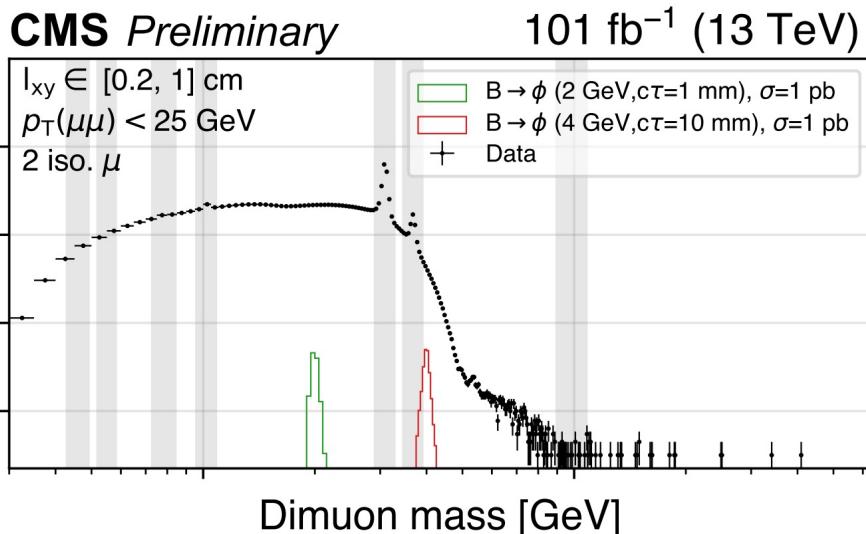
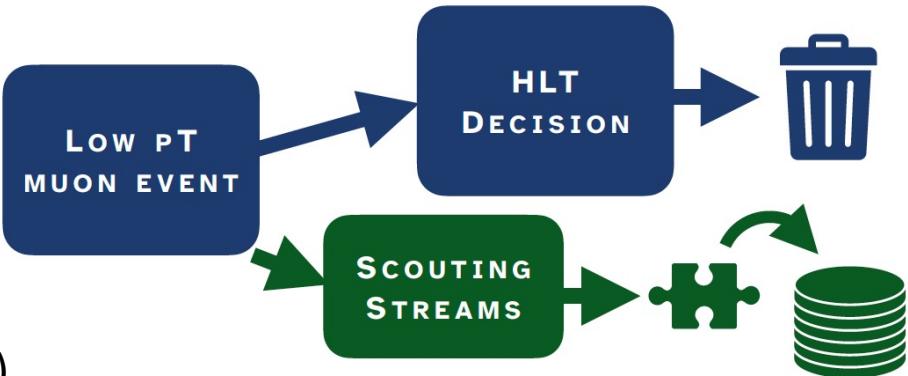
Low Mass Long-Lived Particles

CMS Displaced Di-Muons w/ Data Scouting

- Lower trigger thresholds by recording reduced information
- Record O(kHz), low threshold, unprescaled, by throwing away information
- Gives low muon pT sensitivity (>3 GeV @ HLT)
- Gives sensitivity to $m_{\mu\mu} \sim 300$ MeV
- Veto regions of SM resonances



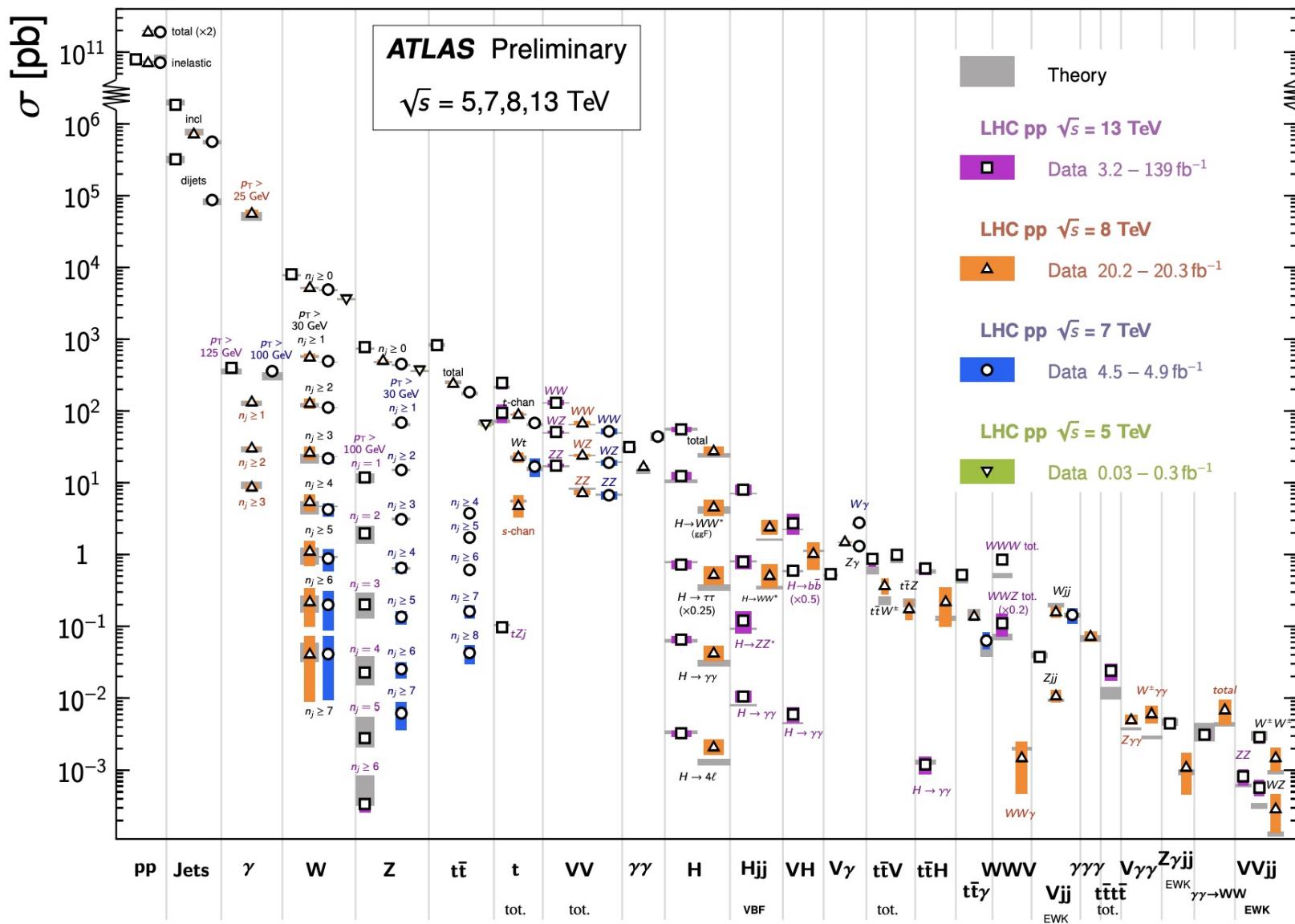
Example exclusion plot for one value of $c\tau$

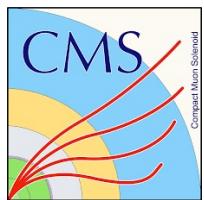


Standard Model Summary

Standard Model Production Cross Section Measurements

Status: July 2021

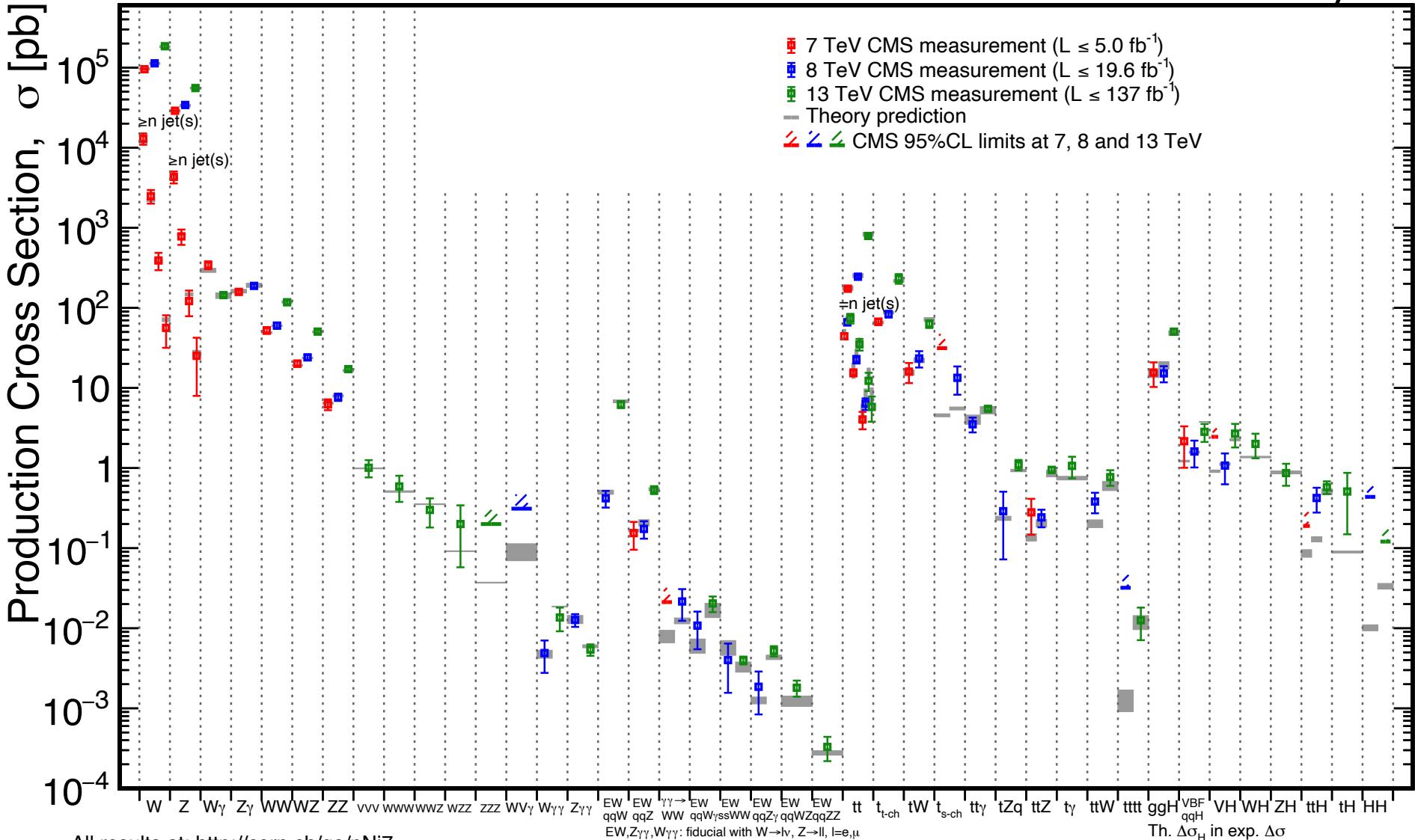




Standard Model Summary

June 2021

CMS Preliminary

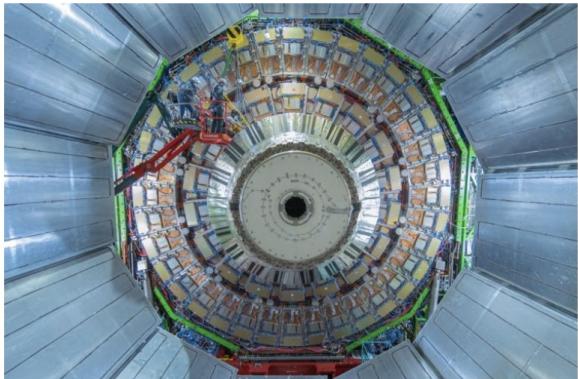


LS2 Activities

- Run 2 ended in 2018 and Run 3 will take place from 2022 to 2024 at CM energy between 13 and 14 TeV
 - Pilot Beam Test Oct. 21, start of Run-3 2022 (stable beams expected in May)
 - expected to more than double the integrated luminosity of Run 2
- 2019-2021, long shutdown between Run 2 and Run 3 (LS2)

Highlights of activities during LS2
Mostly done, detector ready to close

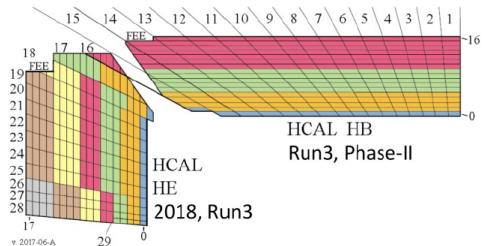
GEM detector first station (GE1/1) (first Phase II upgrade)
installed during the COVID pandemic



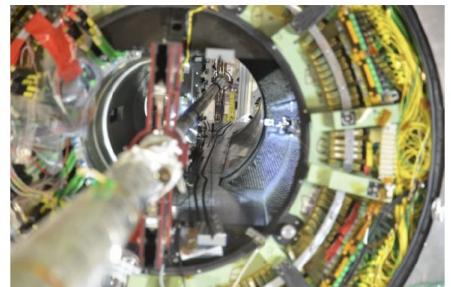
New beam pipe installed



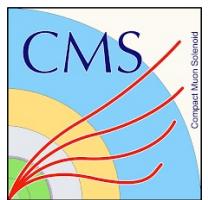
HCAL readout upgrade



New Barrel Pixel layer 1 installed



- Cosmic Running started 2 weeks ago with the complete detector to get ready for the Pilot Test beam in October



Ready for Run3

B-parking

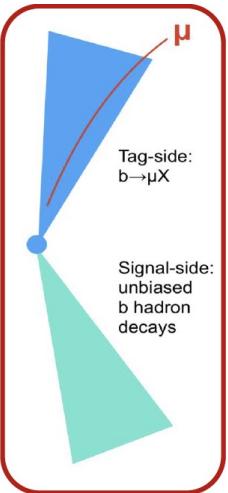
- Low pT displaced triggers save a sample of unbiased B-hadrons
- Enables several LFV analyses
- Studying how to further optimise trigger for Run3

Scouting

- Aim to run particle flow at higher rate, possibly with additional L1 triggers (on GPUs or pixel tracks)

Long-lived particle improvements

- L1 trigger to improve displaced signature efficiency
- HLT developments also ongoing



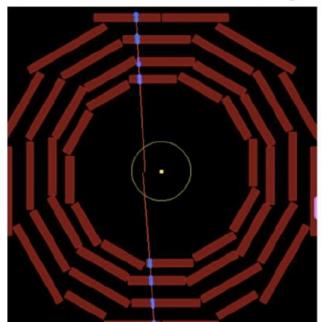
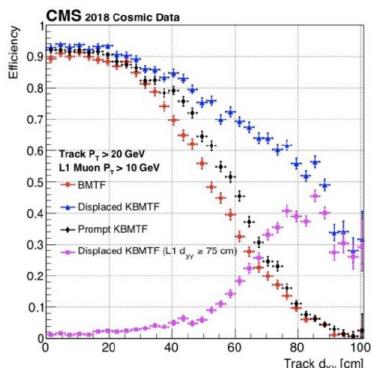
Collected billions of unbiased B decays
12 billion events total

Mode	N_{2018}	f_B	\mathcal{B}
Generic b hadrons			
B_d^0	4.0×10^9	0.4	1.0
B^\pm	4.0×10^9	0.4	1.0
B_s	1.2×10^9	0.1	1.0
b baryons	1.2×10^9	0.1	1.0
B_c	1.0×10^7	0.001	1.0
Total	1.0×10^{10}	1.0	1.0

Events for R_K and R_{K^*} analyses			
$B^0 \rightarrow K^* \ell^+ \ell^-$	2600	0.4	6.6×10^{-7}
$B^\pm \rightarrow K^\pm \ell^+ \ell^-$	1800	0.4	4.5×10^{-7}

Kalman filter at L1

tested in parallel in 2018 and
commissioned with cosmic rays

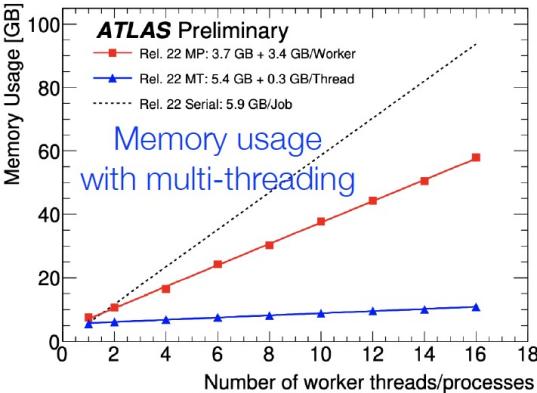


Run 3 Preparation

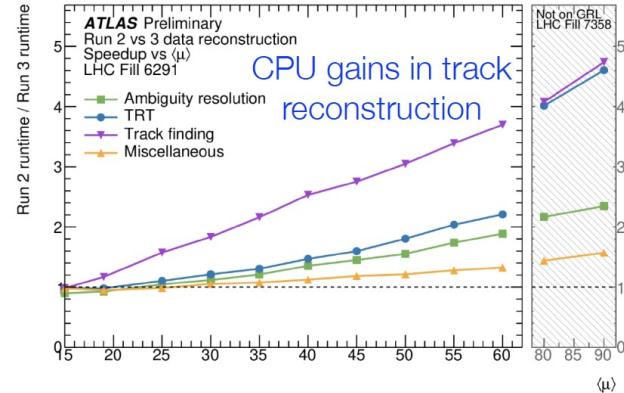
- Preparations ongoing w/ maintenance and multiple improvements to trigger, detector, and computing systems, as well as software
- New for Run 3:**
 - L1Calo, L1Muon, and L1Topo trigger
 - Increased availability of tracking at HLT
 - New Small Wheel (NSW) for the muon spectrometer
 - AFP with time-of-flight
 - Increased performance of software algorithms



ATL-SOFT-PUB-2021-002



ATL-PHYS-PUB-2021-012



electron trigger feature extraction

Summary

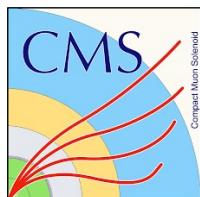


- An enormous body of work in recent times from ATLAS and CMS
- Results presented herein include final states with all SM particles!
- Preparations for Run 3 are ramping up as we prepare > 13 TeV!

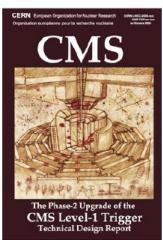
- All ATLAS Physics Analysis Public Results appear at
 - <https://twiki.cern.ch/twiki/bin/view/AtlasPublic/ResultswithData2018>
- All CMS Physics Analysis Summaries appear at:
 - <http://cms-results.web.cern.ch/cms-results/public-results/preliminary-results/CMS/index.html>

- ATLAS Physics Briefings at
 - <https://atlas.cern/updates/briefing>
- CMS Physics Briefings at:
 - <https://cms.cern/tags/physics-briefing>

Backup



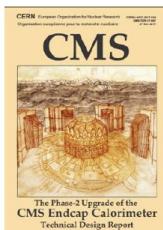
CMS: Upgrade plans



L1-Trigger HLT/DAQ

<https://cds.cern.ch/record/2714892>
<https://cds.cern.ch/record/2283193>

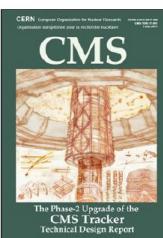
- Tracks in L1-Trigger at 40 MHz
- PFlow selection 750 kHz L1 output
- HLT output 7.5 kHz
- 40 MHz data scouting



Calorimeter Endcap

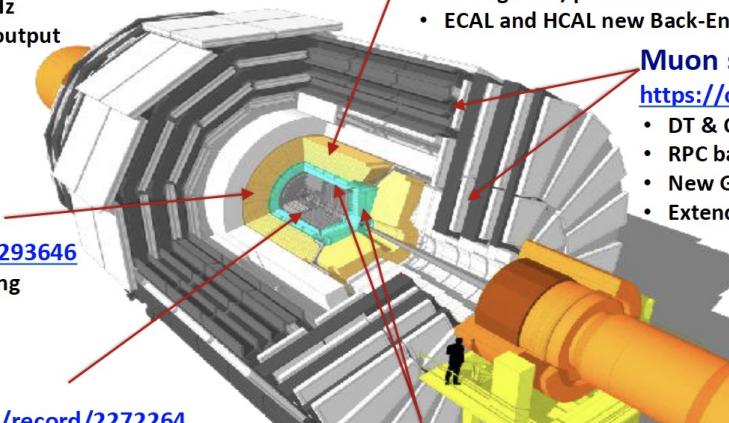
<https://cds.cern.ch/record/2293646>

- 3D showers and precise timing
- Si, Scint+SiPM in Pb/W-SS



Tracker <https://cds.cern.ch/record/2272264>

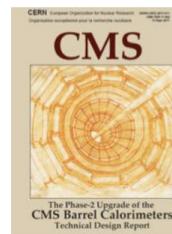
- Si-Strip and Pixels increased granularity
- Design for tracking in L1-Trigger
- Extended coverage to $\eta \approx 3.8$



Barrel Calorimeters

<https://cds.cern.ch/record/2283187>

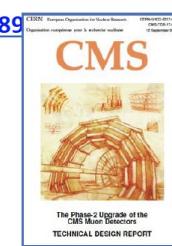
- ECAL crystal granularity readout at 40 MHz with precise timing for e/γ at 30 GeV
- ECAL and HCAL new Back-End boards



Muon systems

<https://cds.cern.ch/record/2283189>

- DT & CSC new FE/BE readout
- RPC back-end electronics
- New GEM/RPC $1.6 < \eta < 2.4$
- Extended coverage to $\eta \approx 3$



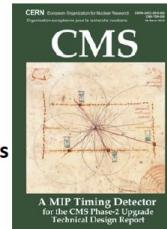
All shown Technical Design Reports approved by the LHC Committee.

Two currently under scrutiny:

DAQ/HLT



BRIL

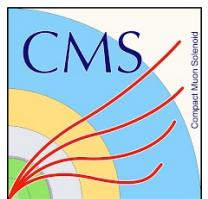


MIP Timing Detector

<https://cds.cern.ch/record/2667167>

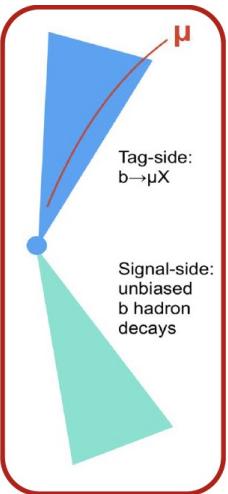
Precision timing with:

- Barrel layer: Crystals + SiPMs
- Endcap layer: Low Gain Avalanche Diodes



Ready for Run3

- B-parking
 - in 2018 we used low p_T displaced triggers to save a sample of unbiased B hadron decays recoiling wrt the triggered muon
 - Parked trigger rate $\sim 2\text{kHz}$ was reconstructed after the end of the run
 - **Enables several analyses on LFU violation currently in progress**
 - Expect first approved results soon
 - **Studying how to further optimize the trigger in Run 3**
- Scouting
 - Analysis based on a reduced data format and on the online reconstruction in the HLT farm (do not save the full event data)
 - In Run 2 all analyses based about 5 kHz ($\sim 1\text{ kHz}$ of Particle Flow scouting)
 - **For Run 3 aim at running PF on higher rate, possible adding additional L1 triggers (use GPUs and pixel tracks)**
- LLP improvements
 - **Ongoing developments in the L1 trigger area with the aim to increase efficiency for displaced signatures**
 - Increase efficiency for displaced muons
 - Extend muon triggers to hadronic showers
 - Out of time ECAL and HCAL at L1
 - Using HCAL depth information
 - **HLT developments also ongoing**

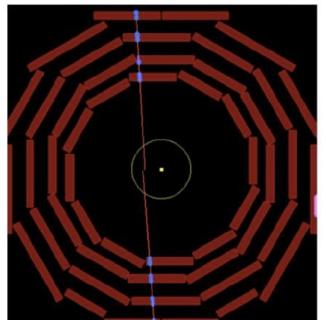
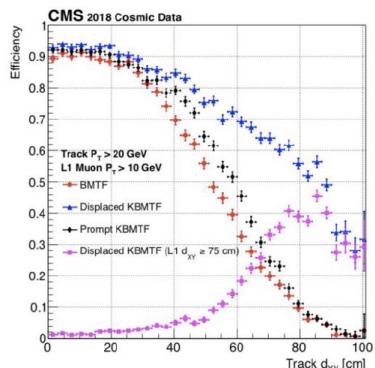


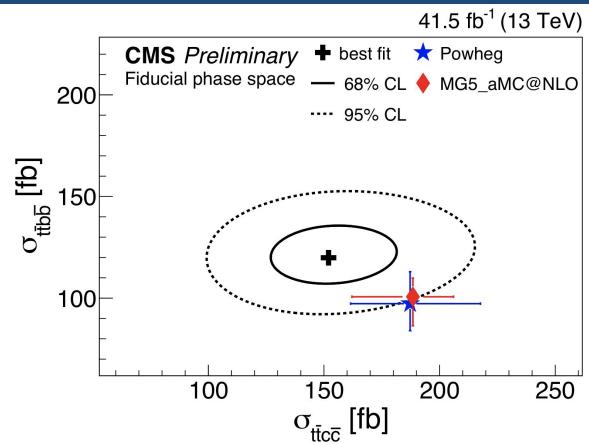
**Collected billions of unbiased B decays
12 billion events total**

Mode	N_{2018}	f_B	\mathcal{B}
Generic b hadrons			
B_d^0	4.0×10^9	0.4	1.0
B^\pm	4.0×10^9	0.4	1.0
B_s	1.2×10^9	0.1	1.0
b baryons	1.2×10^9	0.1	1.0
B_c	1.0×10^7	0.001	1.0
Total	1.0×10^{10}	1.0	1.0
Events for R_K and R_{K^*} analyses			
$B^0 \rightarrow K^* \ell^+ \ell^-$	2600	0.4	6.6×10^{-7}
$B^\pm \rightarrow K^\pm \ell^+ \ell^-$	1800	0.4	4.5×10^{-7}

Kalman filter at L1

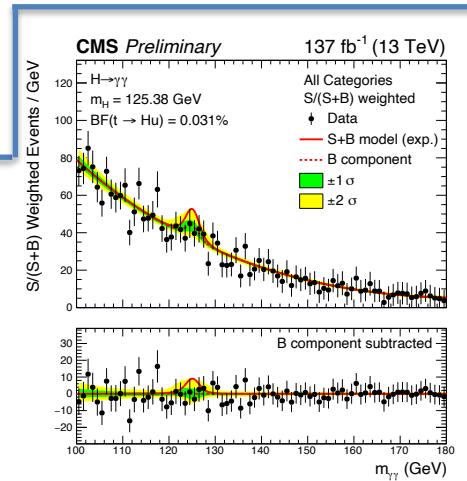
tested in parallel in 2018 and commissioned with cosmic rays



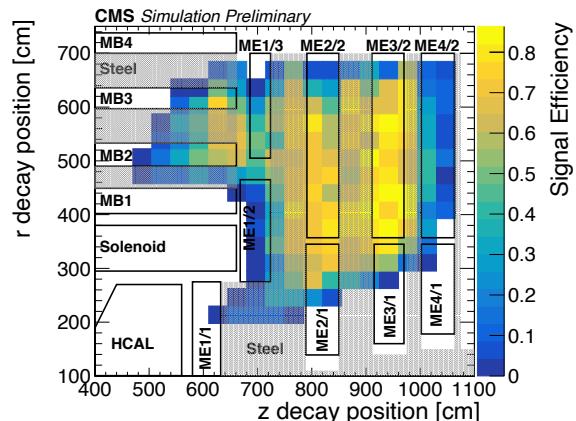
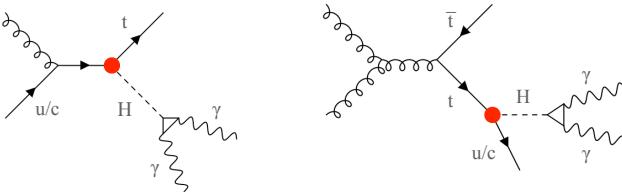


$t\bar{t}+b\bar{b}$ production now exceeding theoretical knowledge! – Important background in study of top-Higgs Yukawa coupling

Also $t\bar{t}+c\bar{c}$ with 19% precision – key role of c-tagging for current and future analyses

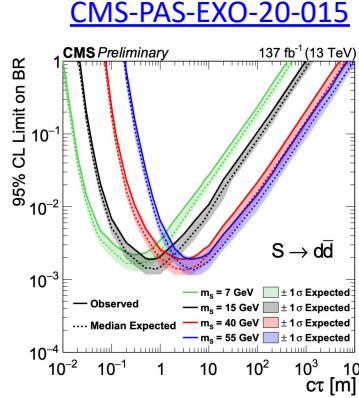
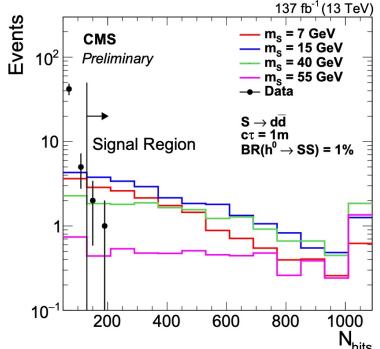


FCNC top decays: $t \rightarrow Hu$ and $t \rightarrow Hc$ are expected to be $O(10^{-17})$ and $O(10^{-15})$ in SM. Clear NP if we observe them.



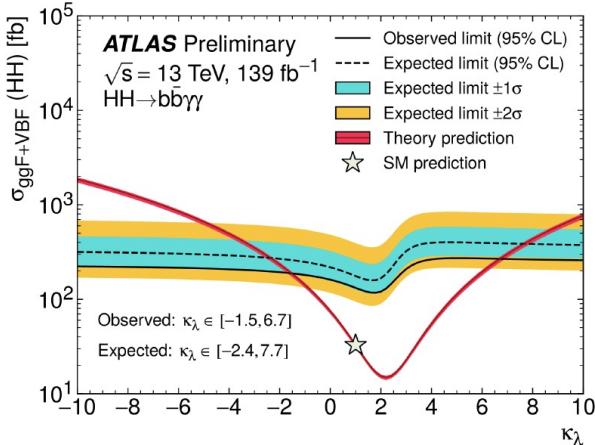
Search for Long-lived Particles Decaying in the CMS Endcap Muon System

Displaced decay in muon endcap produces hadronic shower (w/ $\sim 1k$ CSC hits!) in low BG environment



Di-Higgs production

- $\text{HH} \rightarrow b\bar{b}\gamma\gamma$



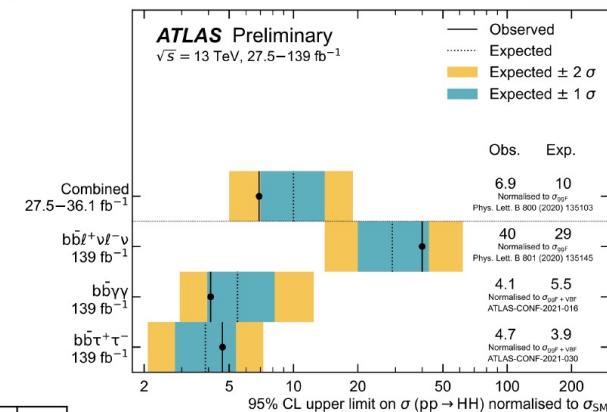
$$\sigma_{\text{HH}}/\sigma_{\text{HH}}^{\text{SM}} < 4.1 \text{ (5.5) obs (exp)}$$

factor of 5 improvement over 36 fb^{-1} analysis

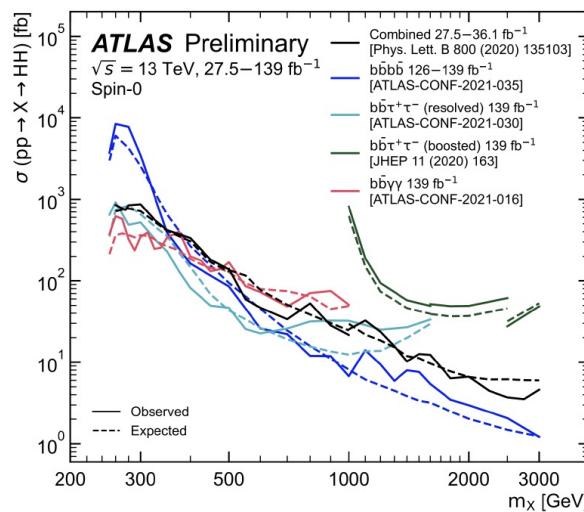
self-coupling modifier κ_λ

$$\lambda_{\text{HH}}/\lambda_{\text{HH}}^{\text{SM}} \in [-1.5, 6.7] \text{ (exp } [-2.4, 7.7])$$

strongest constraint



- Search for HH resonances New
 - $\text{HH} \rightarrow bbbb, b\bar{b}\tau\pi, b\bar{b}yy$
 - $\text{HH} \rightarrow bbbb$ with both resolved and merged topologies
 - Data-driven bkg
 - Dominates for $m(X) > 700 \text{ GeV}$



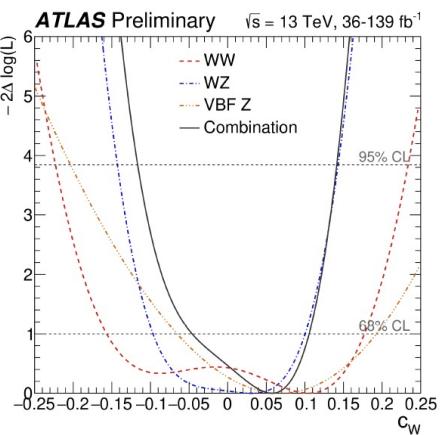
Effective Field Theory



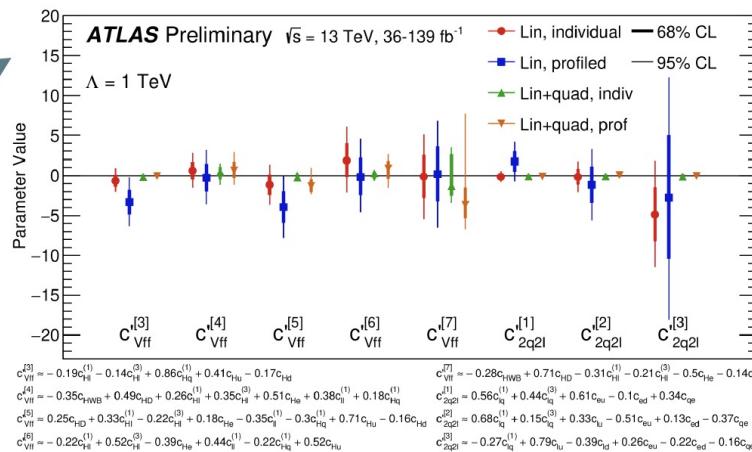
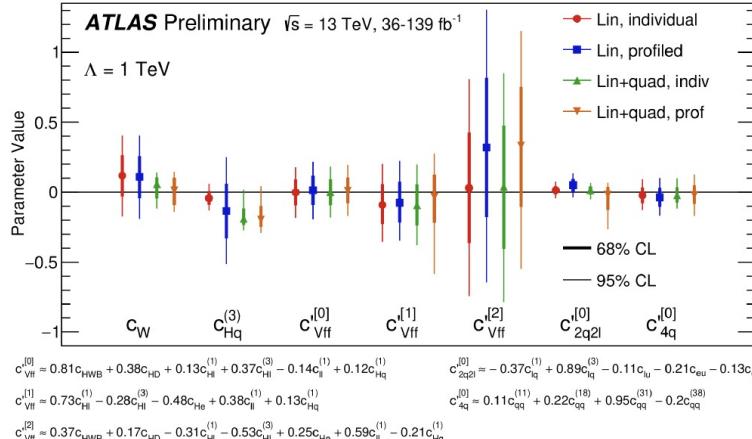
- **EFT:** allows to systematically study impact of wide range of measts. on BSM physics at higher E

$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{EFT}} = \mathcal{L}_{\text{SM}} + \sum_i \frac{c_i^{(6)}}{\Lambda^2} \mathcal{O}_i^{(6)} + \sum_i \frac{c_i^{(8)}}{\Lambda^4} \mathcal{O}_i^{(8)} + \dots$$

- Study here is a step toward global EFT fits
- **Input:** 1 differential cross-section meast. for each of WW, WZ, 4-lepton ($Z/ZZ^*/ZZ$), and VBF Z analyses
- **Output:** constrain operators affecting W/Z self-couplings, W/Z couplings to fermions, 4-fermion couplings



- 15 eigenvectors constrained individually or in combination (“profiled”)
- coefficients of all 15 eigenvectors consistent with SM within 2σ

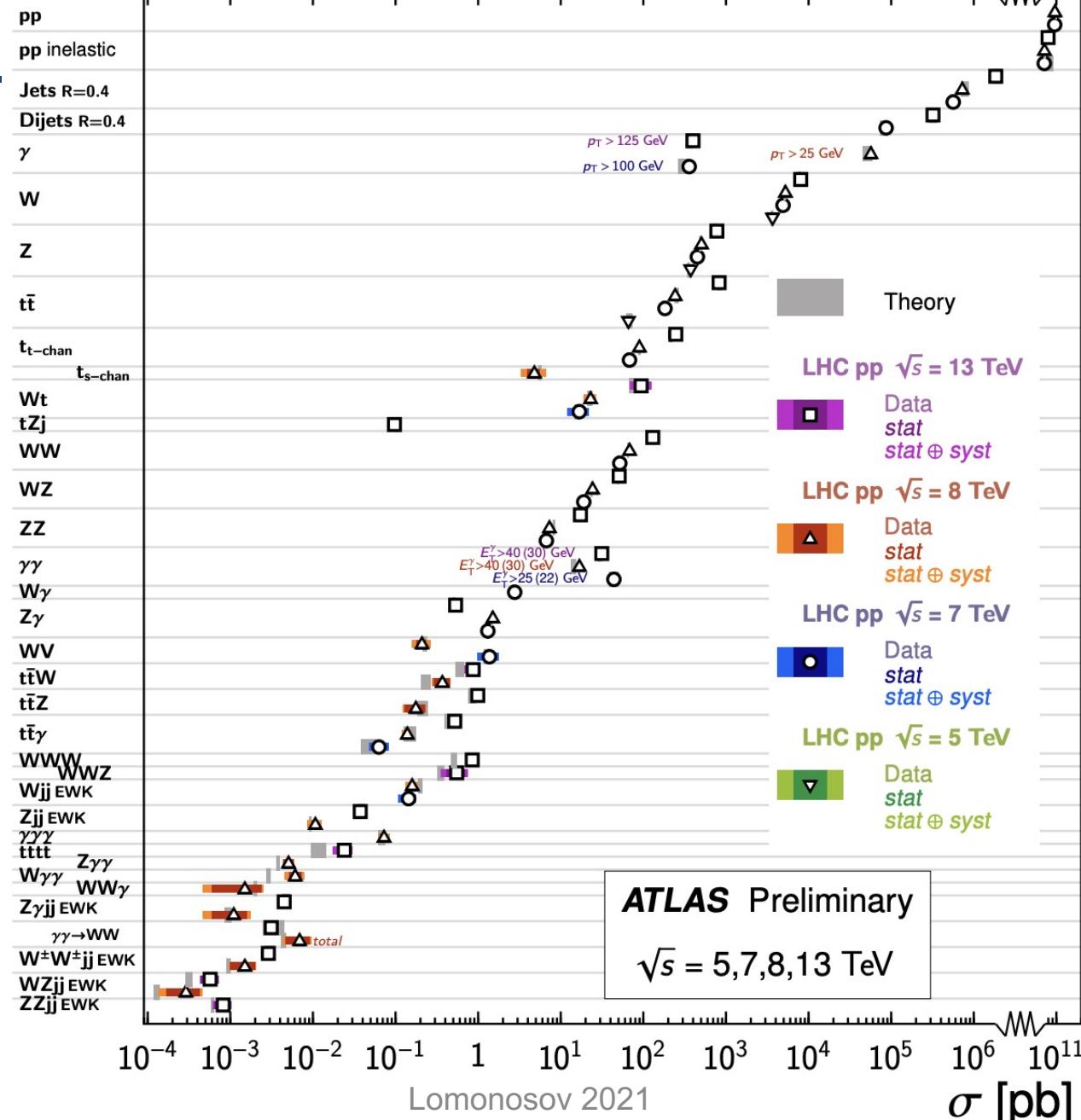


Topic	Reference	Topic	Reference
$B_c \rightarrow J/\psi D_s(\ast)$	ATLAS-CONF-2021-046	LFV $Z \rightarrow e\mu$	ATLAS-CONF-2021-042
b-quark fragment. in $B^+ \rightarrow J/\psi K^+$	CERN-EP-2021-123	$e\mu$ charge asymmetry	ATLAS-CONF-2021-045
collinear Z + jets	ATLAS-CONF-2021-033	dark matter in $Z(\ell\ell) + ET_{miss}$	ATLAS-CONF-2021-029
diphoton cross section	arXiv:2107.09330	dark matter combination 2HDM+a	ATLAS-CONF-2021-036
EFT analysis of WW, WZ, ZZ, VBF Z	ATL-PHYS-PUB-2021-022	SUSY in photon + jets + ET_{miss}	ATLAS-CONF-2021-028
VBS Z($\ell\ell$) + γ	ATLAS-CONF-2021-038	$W' \rightarrow tb$ (all hadronic)	ATLAS-CONF-2021-043
VBS Z($\nu\nu$) + γ	CERN-EP-2021-137	$W/Z \gamma$ resonances	ATLAS-CONF-2021-041
WWW	ATLAS-CONF-2021-039	VLQ single production in Ht/Zt	ATLAS-CONF-2021-040
$H \rightarrow \tau\tau$ couplings	ATLAS-CONF-2021-044	$HH \rightarrow bb \tau\tau$	ATLAS-CONF-2021-030
boosted top cross section	ATLAS-CONF-2021-031	$HH \rightarrow bb bb$	ATLAS-CONF-2021-035
top mass w/ boosted top	ATL-PHYS-PUB-2021-034	$H \rightarrow XX/XZ \rightarrow 4l$	ATLAS-CONF-2021-034
E/p from $W \rightarrow \tau\nu$	CERN-EP-2021-147	$t \rightarrow bH+(cb)$	ATLAS-CONF-2021-037
ET_{miss} performance with NN	ATL-PHYS-PUB-2021-025	LLP in muon spectrometer	ATLAS-CONF-2021-032

Standard Model Production Cross Section Measurements

Status:
July 2021

$\int \mathcal{L} dt$ $[fb^{-1}]$	Reference
50×10^{-3}	PLB 761 (2016) 158
8×10^{-3}	Nucl. Phys. B, 486-548 (2014)
6×10^{-3}	PRL 117, 182002 (2016)
50×10^{-3}	PLB 761 (2016) 158
8×10^{-3}	Nucl. Phys. B, 486-548 (2014)
3.2	JHEP 09 (2017) 020
20.2	JHEP 09 (2017) 020
4.5	JHEP 02, 153 (2015)
3.2	JHEP 09 (2017) 020
4.5	JHEP 05, 059 (2014)
3.2	PLB 2017 04 072
20.2	JHEP 06 (2016) 005
0.081	PRD 89, 052004 (2014)
20.2	PLB 759 (2016) 601
20.2	EPJC 79 (2019) 760
4.6	EPJC 77 (2017) 367
0.025	EPJC 79 (2019) 128
3.2	JHEP 02 (2017) 117
20.2	JHEP 02 (2017) 117
4.6	JHEP 02 (2017) 117
0.025	EPJC 80 (2020) 528
36.1	EPJC 74 (2014) 3109
20.2	EPJC 74 (2014) 3109
4.6	ATLAS-CONF-2021-003
0.3	JHEP 04 (2017) 086
3.2	EPJC 77 (2017) 531
20.3	PRD 90, 112006 (2014)
4.6	PLB 756, 228-246 (2016)
20.3	JHEP 01 (2018) 63
3.2	JHEP 01, 064 (2016)
2.0	PLB 716, 142-159 (2012)
139	JHEP 07 (2020) 124
36.1	EPJ C 79 (2019) 884
20.3	PLB 763, 114 (2016)
4.6	PRD 87, 112001 (2013)
36.1	EPJC 79 (2019) 535
20.3	PRD 93, 092004 (2016)
4.6	EPJC 72 (2012) 2173
36.1	PRD 97 (2018) 032005
20.3	JHEP 01, 099 (2017)
4.6	JHEP 03, 128 (2013)
139	arXiv:2107.09330 [hep-ex]
20.2	PRD 95 (2017) 112005
4.9	JHEP 01, 088 (2013)
4.6	PRD 87, 112003 (2013)
36.1	JHEP 03 (2020) 054
20.3	PRD 93, 112002 (2016)
4.6	PRD 87, 112003 (2013)
20.2	EPJC 77 (2017) 563
4.6	JHEP 01, 049 (2015)
36.1	PRD 99, 072009 (2019)
20.3	JHEP 11, 172 (2015)
139	arXiv:2103.12603
20.3	JHEP 11, 172 (2015)
36.1	EPJC 79 (2019) 382
20.2	JHEP 11 (2017) 086
4.6	PRD 91, 072007 (2015)
139	ATLAS-CONF-2021-039
79.8	PLB 798 (2019) 13493
20.2	EPJC 77 (2017) 474
4.7	EPJC 77 (2017) 474
139	EPJC 81 (2021) 163
20.3	JHEP 04, 031 (2014)
20.2	PLB 781 (2018) 55
139	arXiv:2106.11683
20.3	PRD 93, 112002 (2016)
20.3	PRL 115, 031802 (2015)
20.3	EPJC 77 (2017) 646
139	ATLAS-CONF-2021-038
20.3	JHEP 07 (2017) 107
139	PLB 816 (2021) 136190
20.2	PRD 94 (2016) 032011
36.1	PRL 123, 161801 (2019)
20.3	PRD 96, 012007 (2017)
36.1	PLB 793 (2019) 469
20.3	PRD 93, 092004 (2016)
139	arXiv:2004.10612 [hep-ex]



σ [pb] data/theory